

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

[X] Quarterly report pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 for the quarterly period ended March 31, 2002

Commission file number:

ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE GROUP, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

01-0609375

(State or Other Jurisdiction of
Incorporation or Organization)

(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

Three Landmark Square, Suite 500, Stamford, Connecticut 06901, (203) 356-4400

(Address of, Including Zip Code, and Telephone Number, Including
Area Code, of Registrant's Principal Executive Offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 3 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes X* No -- ----

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the registrant's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date (applicable only to corporate registrants).

The number of shares of common stock outstanding as of May 1, 2002 was 34,000,000.

* The registrant became subject to the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 on March 13, 2002.

ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE GROUP, INC.
March 31, 2002 Form 10-Q Quarterly Report

Table of Contents

Part I - Financial Information

	Page
Item 1. Financial Statements	
Consolidated Balance Sheets as of March 31, 2002 and December 31, 2001.....	1
Consolidated Statements of Income -	

Three Months Ended March 31, 2002 and 2001.....2

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows -
Three Months Ended March 31, 2002 and 2001.....3

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.....4

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition
And Results of Operations.....9

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk.....12

Part II - Other Information

Item 2. Application of Proceeds of Initial Public Offering.....13

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K.....13

ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE GROUP, INC.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(dollars in thousands, except for share data)

ASSETS	March 31, 2002	December 31, 2001
-----	-----	-----
	(unaudited)	
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 78,112	\$ 60,506
Contracts-in-transit	86,217	93,044
Current portion of restricted marketable securities	1,455	1,410
Accounts receivable (net of allowance of \$2,347 and \$2,396)	84,592	81,347
Inventories	510,799	496,054
Deferred income taxes	8,264	--
Prepaid and other current assets	30,416	25,253
	-----	-----
Total current assets	799,855	757,614
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net	258,379	256,402
GOODWILL, net	392,287	392,856
RESTRICTED MARKETABLE SECURITIES	5,849	6,807
OTHER ASSETS	48,002	51,334
	-----	-----
Total assets	\$ 1,504,372	\$ 1,465,013
	=====	=====
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS'/MEMBERS' EQUITY		
CURRENT LIABILITIES:		
Floor plan notes payable	\$ 451,003	\$ 451,375
Short-term debt	10,194	10,000
Current maturities of long-term debt	46,338	35,789
Accounts payable	38,257	33,573
Deferred income taxes	--	3,876
Accrued liabilities	85,635	75,384
	-----	-----
Total current liabilities	631,427	609,997
LONG-TERM DEBT	429,689	492,548
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES	27,585	1,370
OTHER LIABILITIES	9,858	13,191
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES		
STOCKHOLDERS'/MEMBERS' EQUITY:		
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized	--	--
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 90,000,000 shares authorized, 34,000,000 issued and outstanding	340	--
Additional paid-in capital	413,838	--
Contributed capital	--	302,035
Retained earnings	(10,278)	44,216
Accumulated other comprehensive income	1,913	1,656
	-----	-----
Total stockholders'/members' equity	405,813	347,907
	-----	-----
Total liabilities and stockholders'/members' equity	\$ 1,504,372	\$ 1,465,013
	=====	=====

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE GROUP, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME
(dollars in thousands, except per share data)
(unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2002	2001
REVENUES:		
New vehicle	\$ 631,105	\$ 570,270
Used vehicle	285,849	282,145
Parts, service and collision repair	125,068	116,054
Finance and insurance, net	26,563	23,258
Total revenues	1,068,585	991,727
COST OF SALES:		
New vehicle	578,770	524,126
Used vehicle	258,388	257,027
Parts, service and collision repair	59,452	55,910
Total cost of sales	896,610	837,063
GROSS PROFIT	171,975	154,664
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Selling, general and administrative	133,015	117,221
Depreciation and amortization	5,833	7,041
Income from operations	33,127	30,402
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSE):		
Floor plan interest expense	(4,350)	(8,934)
Other interest expense	(9,778)	(12,441)
Interest income	315	1,185
Net losses from unconsolidated affiliates	(100)	(1,000)
Other income (expense)	(392)	438
Total other expense, net	(14,305)	(20,752)
Income before income taxes, minority interest, discontinued operations and extraordinary loss	18,822	9,650
INCOME TAX PROVISIONS:		
Income tax expense	2,194	1,168
Tax adjustment upon conversion from an L.L.C. to a corporation .	11,553	--
MINORITY INTEREST IN SUBSIDIARY EARNINGS	--	144
Income before discontinued operations and extraordinary loss	5,075	8,338
DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS	87	(229)
EXTRAORDINARY LOSS ON EARLY EXTINGUISHMENT OF DEBT	--	(1,433)
Net income	5,162	\$ 6,676
		=====
PRO FORMA TAX (BENEFIT) EXPENSE:		
Pro forma income tax expense	5,299	
Tax adjustment upon conversion from an L.L.C. to a corporation .	(11,553)	
Tax affected pro forma net income	\$ 11,416	
		=====
EARNINGS PER SHARE:		
Basic	\$0.17	
	=====	
Diluted	\$0.17	
	=====	
PRO FORMA EARNINGS PER SHARE:		
Basic	\$0.37	
	=====	
Diluted	\$0.37	
	=====	
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OUTSTANDING (in thousands):		
Basic	30,400	
	=====	

Diluted 30,434
=====

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE GROUP, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(dollars in thousands)
(unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2002	2001
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Net income	\$ 5,162	\$ 6,676
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities-		
Depreciation and amortization	5,808	7,007
Gain on sale of discontinued operations	(559)	--
Deferred income taxes	11,115	--
Extraordinary loss on early extinguishment of debt	--	1,433
Loss on equity investments, net	100	1,000
Other non-cash charges	1,044	875
Change in operating assets and liabilities, net of effects from acquisitions and divestiture of assets-		
Contracts-in-transit	6,827	4,211
Accounts receivable, net	(6,403)	(15,741)
Proceeds from the sale of accounts receivable	4,448	4,967
Inventories	(17,233)	23,792
Floor plan notes payable	4,865	(13,109)
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	3,355	2,728
Other	(2,129)	(3,144)
Net cash provided by operating activities	16,400	20,695
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Capital expenditures	(8,593)	(10,326)
Proceeds from the sale of assets	--	484
Proceeds from sale of discontinued operations	3,377	--
Acquisitions (net of cash acquired)	--	(2,224)
Equity investments	--	(1,200)
Proceeds from restricted marketable securities	913	568
Net receipt (issuance) of finance contracts	(850)	(571)
Other investing activities	(1,901)	--
Net cash used in investing activities	(7,054)	(13,269)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Distributions to members	(4,202)	(1,803)
Contributions	800	--
Repayments of debt	(58,211)	(326,318)
Proceeds from borrowings	2,509	335,650
Proceeds from initial public offering, net	67,364	--
Payment of debt issuance costs	--	(12,191)
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	8,260	(4,662)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	17,606	2,764
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period	60,506	47,241
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	\$ 78,112	\$ 50,005
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:		
Cash paid for-		
Interest (net of amounts capitalized)	\$12,880	\$20,371
Income taxes	\$67	\$1,903

See Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE GROUP, INC.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(dollars in thousands, except share data)
(unaudited)

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation:

The consolidated balance sheet at March 31, 2002, the consolidated statements of income for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, and the consolidated statements of cash flows for the three-month periods ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, are unaudited. In the opinion of management, all adjustments necessary to present fairly the financial position, results of operations and cash flows for the interim periods were made. Certain items in the March 31, 2001 financial statements were reclassified to conform to the classification of the March 31, 2002 financial statements. Due to seasonality and other factors, the results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results that will be realized for the entire year.

Certain information and footnote disclosures, normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, were omitted. Accordingly, these consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2001 which are included in the Company's Form S-1 filing for its initial public offering.

All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

On June 30, 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards ("SFAS") No. 142. SFAS No. 142 eliminates goodwill amortization over its estimated useful life. However, goodwill will be subject to at least an annual assessment for impairment by applying a fair-value based test. Additionally, acquired intangible assets should be separately recognized if the benefit of the intangible asset is obtained through contractual or other legal rights, or if the intangible asset can be sold, transferred, licensed, rented or exchanged, regardless of the acquirer's intent to do so. Intangible assets with definitive lives will need to be amortized over their useful lives. The statement requires that by June 30, 2002, a company must establish its fair value benchmarks in order to test for impairment. The Company adopted this statement effective January 1, 2002, but is still in the process of evaluating its benchmark assessments. The Company does not anticipate that the ultimate adoption of all the provisions of SFAS No. 142 will result in an impairment of goodwill, based on the fair value based test; however, changes in the facts and circumstances relating to the Company's goodwill and other intangible assets could result in an impairment of intangible assets in the future.

In August 2001, the FASB issued SFAS No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets". SFAS No. 144 supercedes SFAS No. 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed of" and the accounting and reporting provisions of Accounting Principles Board Opinion (APB) No. 30, "Reporting the Results of Operations - Reporting the Effects of the Disposal of a Segment Business and Extraordinary, Unusual and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions." SFAS No. 144 establishes a single accounting model for assets to be disposed of by sale whether previously held and used or newly acquired. SFAS No. 144 retains the provisions of APB No. 30 for presentation of discontinued operations in the income statement, but broadens the presentation to include a component of an entity. The Company adopted this statement effective January 1, 2002. The adoption of this statement resulted in income of \$87 and a loss of \$229 being reclassified to discontinued operations of the accompanying statements of income for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001, respectively.

2. INITIAL PUBLIC OFFERING:

On March 14, 2002, the Company completed an initial public offering ("IPO") of 4,500,000 shares of its common shares at a price of \$16.50 per share. The IPO proceeds received, net of underwriting discount and expenses, were \$62.8

million. Pursuant to the terms of the Company's \$550 million Committed Credit Facility, 80% of the net IPO proceeds were used to repay debt under this facility. The remaining net proceeds will be used for working capital, future platform or dealership acquisitions and general corporate purposes.

Upon the closing of the IPO on March 19, 2002, Asbury Automotive Group L.L.C. became a wholly-owned subsidiary of Asbury Automotive Group, Inc. Membership interests in the limited liability company were exchanged for 29,500,000 shares of common stock in the new corporation on the basis of 295,000 shares of common stock for each 1% membership interest.

3. INVENTORIES:

Inventories consisted of the following:

	March 31, 2002 -----	December 31, 2001 -----
New vehicles	\$380,947	\$381,761
Used vehicles	90,640	74,135
Parts, accessories and other	39,212	40,158
	-----	-----
	\$510,799	\$496,054
	=====	=====

Effective March 19, 2002, the Company changed its method of valuing certain inventories which were on the last-in, first-out ("LIFO") cost method to the specific identification and the first-in, first-out ("FIFO") cost method. The Company believes that the specific identification and FIFO methods of inventory valuation provide a more meaningful presentation of its financial position since these methods reflect a better matching of revenue and expense and most clearly reflects periodic income.

The effect of the change in accounting principle was to decrease net income for the year ended December 31, 2001 by \$908. The change has been applied to prior years through restating the financial statements presented for 2001. The effect of the change was to increase members' equity as of December 31, 2001, by \$4,356.

4. EARNINGS PER SHARE:

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted-average common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted-average common shares and common share equivalents outstanding during the period.

The difference between the basic and diluted weighted average shares outstanding is 34 thousand shares issuable with respect to stock options.

5. INCOME TAXES:

Effective March 19, 2002, the Company converted to a corporation and is now subject to federal, state and local income taxes. In connection with the IPO and in accordance with SFAS No. 109 "Accounting for Income Taxes," the Company recorded a one-time, non-recurring charge of \$11,553 for deferred taxes upon the exchange of the limited liability company interest in Asbury Automotive Group L.L.C. for the Company's stock. This charge relates to a net deferred tax liability associated with the difference between the financial statement and tax basis of the assets and liabilities of the Company at the conversion date. Prior to the conversion to a corporation, Asbury Automotive Group L.L.C. was comprised primarily of limited liability companies and partnerships (with Asbury Automotive Group L.L.C. as the parent), which were treated as one partnership for tax purposes. In addition, Asbury Automotive Group L.L.C. had nine subsidiaries that were already corporations and followed the provisions of SFAS No. 109. For the period from January 1, 2002 through March 31, 2002 the Company recorded a tax provision of \$2,194 relating to income from operations of the Company's pre-existing corporations (noted above) for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and income from operations of the remainder of the Company's subsidiaries for the period from March 19, 2002 through March 31, 2002.

The tax effects of these temporary differences representing deferred tax assets (liabilities) result principally from the following:

Reserves and accruals not deductible until paid	\$ 9,898
Goodwill amortization	(13,496)
Depreciation	(12,449)
Other	(3,274)

Net deferred tax liability	(\$19,321)
	=====

The net deferred tax assets (liabilities) are comprised of the following:

Deferred tax assets:	
Current	\$ 14,327
Long term	39
Deferred tax liabilities:	
Current	(6,063)
Long term	(27,624)

Net deferred tax liability	(\$19,321)
	=====

The following reconciles the statutory corporate federal income tax rate for the three months ended March 31, 2002:

Statutory federal income tax rate	35.0%
State income tax, net of federal tax effect	4.0
Other, net	0.8

Pro forma effective tax rate	39.8%
	=====

6. INTANGIBLE ASSETS AND GOODWILL:

Intangible assets consist of the following (included in other assets on the accompanying consolidated balance sheets):

	As of March 31, 2002	
	Cost	Accumulated Amortization
	-----	-----
Amortized intangible assets-		
Noncompete agreements	\$ 5,331	(\$ 2,778)
Licensing agreements	1,500	(188)
Lease agreements (amortization is included in rent expense)	6,605	(3,489)
	-----	-----
	\$13,436	(\$ 6,455)
	=====	=====
Unamortized intangible assets-		
Franchise rights	\$ 5,000	
	=====	
Amortization expense-		
For the three months ended March 31, 2002		\$ 598
		=====
Estimated amortization expense-		
For the years ended December 31:		
2003		\$ 1,815
2004		849
2005		462
2006		443
2007		409

The changes in the carrying amounts of goodwill for the period ended March 31, 2002 are as follows:

Balance as of December 31, 2001	\$ 392,856
Additions	1,382
Goodwill associated with discontinued operations	(1,951)

Balance as of March 31, 2002	\$ 392,287
	=====

Goodwill amortization expense for the three months ended March 31, 2001 was \$2,528.

7. STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY:

	Common Stock	Additional Paid-in Capital	Contributed Capital	Retained Earnings	Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income	Total
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balance, December 31, 2001	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 302,035	\$44,216	\$1,656	\$347,907
Contributions	-	-	800	-	-	800
Distributions	-	-	(11,655)	-	-	(11,655)
Net income	-	-	-	5,162	-	5,162
Change in fair value of interest rate swaps, net of \$1,230 tax effect	-	-	-	-	257	257
Stock and stock option compensation	-	549	-	-	-	549
Proceeds from initial public offering, net	45	62,748	-	-	-	62,793
Reclassification of members' equity due to the exchange of membership interests for shares of common stock	295	350,541	(291,180)	(59,656)	-	-
	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----
Balance, March 31, 2002	\$ 340	\$413,838	\$ -	(\$10,278)	\$1,913	\$405,813
	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====

8. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS:

During the first quarter of 2002, the Company terminated its three interest rate swap agreements with a financial institution having a combined notional principal of \$300 million and immediately entered into three new interest rate swap agreements for the same combined notional principal amount, with the same maturity date, November 2003. The original swap agreements had an aggregate fair market value of \$1,727 at the date of termination. Such amount will be amortized into income using the effective interest method through November 2003, the maturity date of the original agreements. The swaps require the Company to pay fixed rates with a weighted average of approximately 2.99% and receive in return amounts calculated at one-month LIBOR. The swap agreements have been designated and qualify as cash flow hedges of the Company's forecasted variable interest rate payments. At March 31, 2002, the aggregate fair value of the unamortized portion of the terminated swaps and the swaps currently in place was \$3,143. For the quarter, the ineffectiveness reflected in earnings, prior to the termination of the original swaps, was not material. The new swap agreements do not contain any ineffectiveness.

9. COMPREHENSIVE INCOME:

	Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2002	2001
Net income	\$5,162	\$6,676
Other comprehensive income, net of tax:		
Change in fair value of interest rate swaps, net of \$1,230 tax effect	257	--
Comprehensive income	\$5,419	\$6,676
	=====	=====

10. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS:

During the first quarter of 2002, the Company divested two dealerships, one each in Oregon and North Carolina. The results of operations are accounted for as discontinued operations in the consolidated statements of income. A summary of balance sheet and statement of income information relating to the discontinued operations is as follows:

Balance Sheet:

	December 31, 2001
Assets:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,545
Inventory	5,363
Fixed assets, net	1,094
Other	1,465
Total assets	11,467
Liabilities:	
Floor plan notes payable	6,900
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	4,873
Other	149
Total liabilities	11,922
Net assets of discontinued operations	(\$ 455)
	=====

Statement of Income:

	For the Three Months Ended March 31,	
	2002	2001
Revenues	\$ 3,127	\$ 15,138
Cost of sales	2,935	13,077
Gross profit	192	2,061
Operating expenses	644	2,077
Loss from operations	(452)	(16)
Other, net	(20)	(213)
Net loss	(472)	(229)
Net gain on disposition of discontinued operations	559	--
Discontinued operations	\$ 87	(\$ 229)
	=====	=====

As of March 31, 2002, \$3,893 of real estate assets related to the North Carolina dealership divestiture were still held by the Company. The Company anticipates that these assets will be sold in the second quarter of 2002.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

This management's discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations contains forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. The Company's actual results may differ materially from those discussed in the forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, as described under "Risk Factors" as detailed on pages 6 through 15 in the Company's Form S-1 declared effective on March 13, 2002.

Results of Operations

Three Months Ended March 31, 2002, Compared to Three Months Ended March 31, 2001

Pro forma net income for the three months ended March 31, 2002 was \$11.3 million before discontinued operations or \$0.33 per share basic and diluted. These pro forma results (i) exclude a non-recurring charge of \$11.6 million related to the establishment of a net deferred tax liability associated with the Company's conversion to a corporation, (ii) include a pro forma tax charge of \$5.3 million as if the Company was a corporation for the entire quarter and (iii) assume that all shares issued in the Company's IPO were outstanding for the entire quarter. Actual net income was \$5.2 million, or \$0.17 per share basic and diluted.

Income before income taxes, minority interest, extraordinary loss and discontinued operations of \$18.8 million during the three months ended March 31, 2002 was up 55% over the same period last year, after adjusting for the elimination of goodwill amortization. Pro forma net income and per share amounts have not been provided for the prior year quarter as the Company believes that due to changes in its tax status, such comparisons with the current year quarter would not be meaningful.

Revenues-

Revenues of \$1.068 billion for the three months ended March 31, 2002, represented a \$76.9 million or 8% increase over the three months ended March 31, 2001. Same store retail revenues (excluding fleet and wholesale) were up \$15.4 million or 2%.

New vehicle retail revenues were up \$59.0 million or 11%, and 4% on a same store basis. New vehicle retail units were up 5% during the quarter and down 1% on a same store basis, while average selling prices were up 6% over the same quarter last year, principally due to the shift in mix to luxury brands and from cars to light trucks and sport utility vehicles ("SUV's").

Used vehicle retail revenues were up \$7.5 million or 4%, but down 5% on a same store basis. Used vehicle retail units were up 1% during the quarter and down 6% on a same store basis as manufacturer incentives contributed to stronger than expected trends in new vehicles at the expense of used vehicles. Average selling prices were up 2% over the same quarter last year.

Parts, service and collision repair revenues were up \$9.0 million or 8% in the current quarter versus the same quarter last year and up 1% on a same store basis. Increases in service and parts business were partially offset by lower collision repair revenues due to milder weather conditions throughout the United States in the current quarter versus the prior year quarter.

Finance and insurance (F&I) revenues during the three months ended March 31, 2002 increased \$3.3 million or 14% over the same period last year. On a same store basis, F&I revenues were up 10% over the prior period, while F&I per vehicle retailed (PVR) was \$709 during the first quarter of 2002, an 11% improvement over the first quarter of 2001. These results principally reflect new programs (including preferred lender programs) initiated over the past year.

Gross Profit-

Gross profit for the quarter ended March 31, 2002, increased \$17.3 million or 11% over the quarter ended March 31, 2001. Same store retail gross profit (the Company's preferred productivity measurement) was up 4%.

Gross profit as a percentage of revenues for the current quarter was 16.1% as compared to 15.6% for the same quarter last year as the Company experienced margin improvements across all product lines. New vehicle and used vehicle

retail margins increased to 8.4% and 12.2%, respectively, principally due to the change in mix from cars to light trucks and SUV's mentioned above. Parts, service and collision repair margins increased to 52.5% due to a slight shift towards higher margin service business.

Operating Expenses-

Selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses for the quarter ended March 31, 2002, increased \$15.8 million or 13% over the quarter ended March 31, 2001. SG&A expenses as a percentage of revenues increased to 12.4% in the first quarter of 2002 from 11.8% in the first quarter of 2001. Contributing to this increase was increased variable compensation related to higher gross profit margins, increased insurance costs of \$1.2 million and one-time IPO-related compensation of \$0.5 million. Depreciation and amortization decreased \$1.2 million to \$5.8 million as goodwill amortization of \$2.5 million in the three months ended March 31, 2001 did not recur in the current quarter due to elimination of such amortization pursuant to SFAS 142. This was offset by increased depreciation principally due to capital expenditures made in 2001. In addition, start-up expenses related to the Price 1 Auto Store used car pilot program of \$1.1 million were included in SG&A expenses for the quarter ended March 31, 2002. The Price 1 Auto Store used car pilot program is a six-month, five-store pilot in Houston, Texas to sell used vehicles on Wal-Mart parking lots. Both the Company and Wal-Mart intend to evaluate the program at the end of the pilot.

Other Income (Expense)-

Floor plan interest expense decreased to \$4.4 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2002 from \$8.9 million for the quarter ended March 31, 2001. This decline was primarily due to lower interest rates in 2002 versus 2001 and lower inventory levels in the current quarter. Other interest expense decreased by \$2.7 million from the prior year principally due to lower interest rates, partially offset by increased borrowings used to fund acquisitions completed after January 1, 2001. Net losses from unconsolidated affiliates for the quarter ended March 31, 2002, and March 31, 2001, were related to the Company's share of losses in an automotive finance company. Other income (expense) in the first quarter of 2002 reflected certain non-operating expenses associated with the IPO of \$0.6 million, while the first quarter of 2001 included a gain on an interest rate swap transaction of \$0.4 million.

Income Tax Provision-

During the quarter ended March 31, 2002, the Company recorded, in accordance with SFAS No. 109, a one-time non-recurring charge of \$11.6 million related to the establishment of a net deferred tax liability, in connection with the Company's conversion from a limited liability company to a corporation. This liability represented the difference between the financial statement and tax basis of the assets and liabilities of the Company at the conversion date. The Company's pro forma tax rate for the quarter of approximately 40%, is based on the estimated effective tax rate for the year. During the three months ended March 31, 2001, income tax was provided in accordance with SFAS 109 on only the "C" corporations owned directly or indirectly by Asbury Automotive Group L.L.C. during that period.

Extraordinary Loss on Early Extinguishment of Debt-

In connection with the repayment of certain term notes with borrowings under the Committed Credit Facility (as defined below), the Company incurred prepayment penalties and wrote off the unamortized portion of deferred financing fees, aggregating \$1.4 million in the first quarter of 2001.

Discontinued Operations-

The Company divested of two dealerships during the first quarter of 2002, and in accordance with SFAS 144 these dealerships have been treated as discontinued operations in both periods presented. In the quarter ended March 31, 2002, the Company recognized a \$0.6 million net gain on the disposal of the dealerships and incurred \$0.5 million of losses from operations. The loss from discontinued operations in the quarter ended March 31, 2001 related to the operations of those dealerships.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company requires cash to fund working capital needs, finance acquisitions of new dealerships and fund capital expenditures. These requirements are met principally from cash flow from operations, borrowings under the Committed Credit Facility and the Floor Plan Lines (as defined below), and mortgage notes. As of March 31, 2002, we had cash and cash equivalents of \$78.1 million.

Credit Facilities

The Company has a three-year committed financing agreement (the "Committed Credit Facility") with total availability of \$550 million. The Company recently extended the maturity of the Committed Credit Facility to January 2005. The Committed Credit Facility is primarily used to finance acquisitions. Borrowings under the Committed Credit Facility bear interest at variable rates based on LIBOR plus a specified percentage depending on the attainment of certain leverage ratios and the outstanding balance. As of March 31, 2002, approximately \$217.9 million remained available to the Company for additional borrowings under the Committed Credit Facility.

Floor Plan Financing

The Company has uncommitted floor plan financing lines of credit for new and used vehicles (the "Floor Plan Lines"). The Floor Plan Lines do not have specified maturities and bear interest at variable rates based on LIBOR or the prime rate with total availability of \$750 million. As of March 31, 2002, the Company had \$451.0 million outstanding under its floor plan financing agreements.

Cash Flow

Cash flow from operations totaled \$16.4 million for the three months ended March 31, 2002, as net income plus non-cash items of \$22.7 million, a \$4.9 million net decrease in accounts receivable and contracts-in-transit and an increase in floor plan notes payable of \$4.9 million offset by an increase in inventories of \$17.2 million. Net cash flow used in investing activities was \$7.1 million, principally related to capital expenditures offset by proceeds from the dispositions of certain franchises. Net cash flow from financing activities was \$8.3 million, as net proceeds from the IPO, was partially offset a net reduction in borrowings.

Cash flow from operations totaled \$20.7 million for the three months ended March 31, 2001, as net income plus non-cash items of \$17.0 million and a decrease in inventories of \$23.8 million offset an increase in floor plan notes payable of \$13.1 million and a net increase in accounts receivable and contracts-in-transit of \$6.6 million. Net cash flow used in investing activities was \$13.3 million, principally related to capital expenditures of \$10.3, acquisitions of \$2.2 million and an investment of \$1.2 million in an unconsolidated affiliate. Net cash flow used in financing activities was \$4.7 million due to a net reduction in borrowings and payment of member distributions.

Capital Expenditures

Capital spending for the three months ended March 31, 2002 and 2001 was \$8.6 million and \$10.3 million, respectively. Capital spending other than from acquisitions during the year ended December 31, 2002, will be primarily related to operational improvements and manufacturer-required spending to upgrade existing dealership facilities

Recent Accounting Pronouncements

On June 30, 2001, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS 142. SFAS No. 142 eliminates goodwill amortization over its estimated useful life. However, goodwill will be subject to at least an annual assessment for impairment by applying a fair-value based test. Additionally, acquired intangible assets should be separately recognized if the benefit of the intangible asset is obtained through contractual or other legal rights, or if the intangible asset can be sold, transferred, licensed, rented or exchanged, regardless of the acquirer's intent to do so. Intangible assets with definitive lives will need to be amortized over their useful lives. The statement requires that by June 30, 2002, a company must establish its fair value benchmarks in order to test for impairment. The Company adopted this statement effective January 1, 2002, but is still in the process of evaluating its benchmark assessments. The adoption of this statement resulted in elimination of approximately \$9.8 million of goodwill amortization annually, subsequent to December 31, 2001. The Company does not anticipate that the ultimate adoption of SFAS No. 142 will result in an impairment of goodwill, based on the fair value based test; however, changes in the facts and circumstances relating to the Company's goodwill and other intangible assets could result in an impairment of intangible assets in the future.

In August 2001, the FASB issued Statement No. 144, "Accounting for the Impairment or Disposal of Long-Lived Assets" ("SFAS 144"). This statement supersedes FASB Statement No. 121, "Accounting for the Impairment of Long-Lived Assets and for Long-Lived Assets to be Disposed Of," and the accounting and reporting provisions of APB Opinion No. 30, "Reporting the Results of Operations-- Reporting the Effects of Disposal of a Segment of a Business, and

Extraordinary, Unusual and Infrequently Occurring Events and Transactions," and establishes accounting standards for the impairment and disposal of long-lived assets and criteria for determining when a long-lived asset is held for sale. SFAS 144 removes the requirement to allocate goodwill to long-lived assets to be tested for impairment, requires that the depreciable life of a long-lived asset to be abandoned be revised in accordance with APB Opinion No. 20, "Accounting Changes," provides that one accounting model be used for long-lived assets to be disposed of by sale, whether previously held and used or newly acquired and broadens the presentation of discontinued operations to include more disposal transactions. The Company adopted the provisions of SFAS 144 effective January 1, 2002.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Interest Rate Risk

The Company is exposed to market risk from changes in interest rates on a significant portion of its outstanding indebtedness. Given amounts outstanding at March 31, 2002, a 1% change in the LIBOR rate would result in a change of approximately \$1.7 million to our annual non-floor plan interest expense after giving effect to the interest rate swaps discussed below. Based on floor plan amounts outstanding at March 31, 2002, a 1% change in the LIBOR rate would result in a \$4.5 million change to annual floor plan interest expense.

Interest Rate Swaps

During the first quarter of 2002, the Company terminated three swap agreements, having a combined total notional principal amount of \$300 million, all maturing in November 2003 and entered into three new swap agreements with the same notional value and maturity date. The original swap agreements had an aggregate fair value of \$1.7 million at the date of termination. Such amount will be amortized into income using the effective interest method through November 2003. The aggregate fair value of the swap arrangements, including the unamortized portion of the terminated swaps, was \$3.1 million at March 31, 2002. To the extent the swap arrangements are not "perfectly effective" (for example, because scheduled rate resets are not simultaneous), the ineffectiveness is reported in "other income" in the income statement. For the quarter ended March 31, 2002, the ineffectiveness was immaterial. The new swap agreements do not contain any ineffectiveness.

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Forward Looking Information

This report contains "forward-looking statements" as that term is defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. The forward-looking statements include statements relating to goals, plans and projections regarding the Company's financial position, results of operations, market position, product development and business strategy. These statements are based on management's current expectations and involve significant risks and uncertainties that may cause results to differ materially from those set forth in the statements. These risks and uncertainties include, among other things, market factors, the Company's relationships with vehicle manufacturers and other suppliers, risks associated with the Company's substantial indebtedness, risks related to pending and potential future acquisitions, general economic conditions both nationally and locally and governmental regulations and legislation. There can be no guarantee the Company's plans for future operations will be successfully implemented or that they will prove to be commercially successful. These and other risk factors are discussed in the Company's registration statement on Form S-1 declared effective on March 13, 2002. We undertake no obligation to publicly update any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 2. Application of Proceeds from Initial Public Offering

Of the \$62.8 million of net proceeds received by the Company from its initial public offering, the Company applied \$50.4 million to repay borrowings under its Committed Credit Facility and retained \$12.4 million for working capital, future acquisitions and general corporate purposes.

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

a. Exhibits

18 - Letter regarding a change in accounting principles.

b. Reports on Form 8-K

Report furnished April 10, 2002, under Item 9, related to issuance of press release with respect to earnings per share guidance for fiscal 2002.

Report filed April 23, 2002, under Item 5, related to the issuance of a press release with respect to the appointment of new directors.

Report furnished April 25, 2002, under Item 9, related to issuance of press release announcing earnings for the first quarter ending March 31, 2002.

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SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Asbury Automotive Group, Inc.

(Registrant)

Date: May 7, 2002

/s/ Thomas F. Gilman

Thomas F. Gilman
Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

Index to Exhibits

Exhibit Number -----	Description -----
18	Letter regarding a change in accounting principle

Asbury Automotive Group
3 Landmark Square
Suite 500
Stamford, CT 06901

Re: Form 10-Q Report for the quarter ended March 31, 2002.

Gentlemen/Ladies:

This letter is written to meet the requirements of Regulation S-K calling for a letter from a registrant's independent accountants whenever there has been a change in accounting principle or practice.

We have been informed that, as of March 19, 2002, the Company changed its method of valuation of certain of its inventories from the "last in, first out" or LIFO method to the specific identification and "first in, first out" or FIFO method. According to the management of the Company, this change was made in connection with the Company's initial public equity offering to better match revenue and expense and most clearly reflect periodic income. Additionally the specific identification and FIFO methods are most widely used by the Company's major publicly held competitors.

A complete coordinated set of financial and reporting standards for determining the preferability of accounting principles among acceptable alternative principles has not been established by the accounting profession. Thus, we cannot make an objective determination of whether the change in accounting described in the preceding paragraph is to a preferable method. However, we have reviewed the pertinent factors, including those related to financial reporting, in this particular case on a subjective basis, and our opinion stated below is based on our determination made in this manner.

We are of the opinion that the Company's change in method of accounting is to an acceptable alternative method of accounting, which, based upon the reasons stated for the change and our discussions with you, is also preferable under the circumstances in this particular case. In arriving at this opinion, we have relied on the business judgment and business planning of your management.

We have not audited the application of this change to the financial statements of any period. Further, we have not examined and do not express any opinion with respect to your financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2002.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Arthur Andersen LLP

