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**UNITED STATES**  
**SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**  
Washington, D.C. 20549

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**FORM 10-Q**

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☒ **QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2014

OR

☐ **TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission file number: 001-31262

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**ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE GROUP, INC.**

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

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**Delaware**

(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**2905 Premiere Parkway NW, Suite 300**  
**Duluth, Georgia**

(Address of principal executive offices)

**01-0609375**

(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification No.)

**30097**

(Zip Code)

**(770) 418-8200**

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

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Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate website, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§ 232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes ☒ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Large Accelerated Filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated Filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-Accelerated Filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller Reporting Company	<input type="checkbox"/>

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☒

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date: The number of shares of common stock outstanding as of October 21, 2014 was 29,769,231.

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**PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION**
**Item 1. Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements**

**ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE GROUP, INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS**  
(In millions, except par value and share data)  
(Unaudited)

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>CURRENT ASSETS:</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 11.1	\$ 5.4
Contracts-in-transit	111.8	140.9
Accounts receivable (net of allowance of \$1.2 and \$1.0, respectively)	87.9	95.7
Inventories	784.6	767.7
Deferred income taxes	8.4	9.4
Assets held for sale	7.5	9.1
Other current assets	79.9	80.4
Total current assets	1,091.2	1,108.6
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net	700.1	651.5
GOODWILL	61.9	54.5
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES, net of current portion	11.8	13.1
OTHER LONG-TERM ASSETS	60.5	60.9
Total assets	\$ 1,925.5	\$ 1,888.6
<b>LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY</b>		
<b>CURRENT LIABILITIES:</b>		
Floor plan notes payable—trade	\$ 71.3	\$ 74.7
Floor plan notes payable—non-trade	485.8	534.8
Current maturities of long-term debt	13.5	11.1
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	216.7	213.6
Total current liabilities	787.3	834.2
LONG-TERM DEBT	592.1	543.3
OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	22.2	20.5
<b>COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (Note 10)</b>		
<b>SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY:</b>		
Preferred stock, \$.01 par value, 10,000,000 shares authorized; none issued or outstanding	—	—
Common stock, \$.01 par value, 90,000,000 shares authorized; 40,300,007 and 40,095,557 shares issued, including shares held in treasury, respectively	0.4	0.4
Additional paid-in capital	520.5	510.5
Retained earnings	263.3	163.5
Treasury stock, at cost; 10,530,776 and 9,330,443 shares, respectively	(259.5)	(184.0)
Accumulated other comprehensive (loss) income	(0.8)	0.2
Total shareholders' equity	523.9	490.6
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 1,925.5	\$ 1,888.6

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

**ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE GROUP, INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME**  
(In millions, except per share data)  
(Unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
<b>REVENUES:</b>				
New vehicle	\$ 821.3	\$ 759.9	\$ 2,378.8	\$ 2,167.9
Used vehicle	457.0	421.7	1,319.2	1,183.5
Parts and service	168.3	154.0	495.9	455.5
Finance and insurance, net	59.0	54.7	170.8	154.1
Total revenues	1,505.6	1,390.3	4,364.7	3,961.0
<b>COST OF SALES:</b>				
New vehicle	772.1	713.4	2,232.4	2,035.6
Used vehicle	425.8	391.2	1,220.6	1,090.8
Parts and service	63.1	60.4	189.1	180.7
Total cost of sales	1,261.0	1,165.0	3,642.1	3,307.1
GROSS PROFIT	244.6	225.3	722.6	653.9
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES:</b>				
Selling, general and administrative	171.5	159.2	500.5	460.8
Depreciation and amortization	6.7	6.2	19.4	18.0
Other operating expense, net	0.3	1.9	0.2	7.1
Income from operations	66.1	58.0	202.5	168.0
<b>OTHER EXPENSES:</b>				
Floor plan interest expense	(3.0)	(2.9)	(9.3)	(9.1)
Other interest expense, net	(9.6)	(11.1)	(28.2)	(29.8)
Swap interest expense	(0.5)	(0.1)	(1.5)	(2.2)
Loss on extinguishment of long-term debt	—	(6.8)	—	(6.8)
Total other expenses, net	(13.1)	(20.9)	(39.0)	(47.9)
Income before income taxes	53.0	37.1	163.5	120.1
INCOME TAX EXPENSE	20.6	14.3	63.4	46.2
INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS	32.4	22.8	100.1	73.9
DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS, net of tax	0.1	(0.1)	(0.3)	8.3
NET INCOME	\$ 32.5	\$ 22.7	\$ 99.8	\$ 82.2
<b>EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE:</b>				
Basic—				
Continuing operations	\$ 1.09	\$ 0.74	\$ 3.31	\$ 2.40
Discontinued operations	—	—	(0.01)	0.27
Net income	\$ 1.09	\$ 0.74	\$ 3.30	\$ 2.67
Diluted—				
Continuing operations	\$ 1.08	\$ 0.73	\$ 3.29	\$ 2.38
Discontinued operations	—	—	(0.01)	0.26
Net income	\$ 1.08	\$ 0.73	\$ 3.28	\$ 2.64
<b>WEIGHTED AVERAGE COMMON SHARES OUTSTANDING:</b>				
Basic	29.8	30.7	30.2	30.8
Restricted stock	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2
Performance share units	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1
Diluted	30.0	31.1	30.4	31.1

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

**ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE GROUP, INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
(In millions)  
(Unaudited)

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Net income	\$ 32.5	\$ 22.7	\$ 99.8	\$ 82.2
Other comprehensive income (loss) — net of tax:				
Change in fair value of cash flow swaps	0.1	—	(1.7)	0.2
Amortization of terminated cash flow swaps	—	0.1	—	2.0
Income tax (expense) benefit associated with cash flow swaps	—	(0.1)	0.7	(0.9)
Comprehensive income	<u>\$ 32.6</u>	<u>\$ 22.7</u>	<u>\$ 98.8</u>	<u>\$ 83.5</u>

See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements

**ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE GROUP, INC.**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS**  
(In millions)  
(Unaudited)

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2014	2013
<b>CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Net income	\$ 99.8	\$ 82.2
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities—		
Depreciation and amortization	19.4	18.0
Stock-based compensation	6.7	6.9
Deferred income taxes	3.1	7.1
Loss on extinguishment of debt	—	6.8
Loaner vehicle amortization	9.9	7.3
Excess tax benefit on share-based arrangements	(3.4)	(2.3)
Lease termination charges	0.1	5.5
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	1.0	2.3
Gain on sale of assets, net	—	(14.6)
Other adjustments, net	1.1	2.9
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions and divestitures—		
Contracts-in-transit	29.1	28.7
Accounts receivable	5.1	6.7
Proceeds from the sale of accounts receivable	2.5	10.9
Inventories	47.4	(28.5)
Other current assets	(62.7)	(65.1)
Floor plan notes payable—trade	(3.4)	8.3
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	2.7	(10.9)
Proceeds from deferred compensation plan termination	—	7.8
Distribution of deferred compensation plan assets to participants	—	(7.8)
Other long-term assets and liabilities, net	0.2	2.8
Net cash provided by operating activities	158.6	75.0
<b>CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Capital expenditures—excluding real estate	(43.9)	(29.4)
Capital expenditures—capitalized interest	(0.7)	(0.9)
Purchases of real estate	(11.5)	(10.7)
Purchases of previously leased real estate	(5.0)	(32.8)
Acquisitions	(21.9)	(61.8)
Proceeds from the sale of assets	—	33.9
Net cash used in investing activities	(83.0)	(101.7)
<b>CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:</b>		
Floor plan borrowings—non-trade	2,564.6	2,344.6
Floor plan borrowings—non-trade acquisitions	6.5	11.3
Floor plan repayments—non-trade	(2,620.1)	(2,350.8)
Floor plan repayments—non-trade divestitures	—	(5.4)
Proceeds from borrowings	59.8	200.9
Repayments of borrowings	(7.9)	(150.4)
Payment of debt issuance costs	(0.7)	(6.0)
Repurchases of common stock, including those associated with net share settlement of employee share-based awards	(75.5)	(24.9)
Excess tax benefit on share-based arrangements	3.4	2.3
Proceeds from the exercise of stock options	—	0.2
Net cash (used in) provided by financing activities	(69.9)	21.8
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	5.7	(4.9)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period	5.4	6.2
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	\$ 11.1	\$ 1.3

See Note 9 for supplemental cash flow information  
See accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements



**ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE GROUP, INC.**  
**NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
**(Unaudited)**

## **1. DESCRIPTION OF BUSINESS**

We are one of the largest automotive retailers in the United States, operating 81 dealership locations (102 franchises) in 18 metropolitan markets within 10 states as of September 30, 2014. We offer an extensive range of automotive products and services, including new and used vehicles; vehicle maintenance, replacement parts and collision repair services; and financing, insurance and service contracts. As of September 30, 2014, we offered 29 domestic and foreign brands of new vehicles. Our current new vehicle revenue brand mix consists of 48% mid-line import, 38% luxury, and 14% domestic brands. We also operate 24 collision repair centers that serve customers in our local markets.

Our retail network is made up of dealerships operating primarily under the following locally-branded dealership groups:

- Coggin dealerships, operating primarily in Jacksonville, Fort Pierce and Orlando, Florida;
- Courtesy dealerships operating in Tampa, Florida;
- Crown dealerships operating in New Jersey, North Carolina, South Carolina and Virginia;
- Nalley dealerships operating in metropolitan Atlanta, Georgia;
- McDavid dealerships operating in Austin, Dallas and Houston, Texas;
- North Point dealerships operating in the Little Rock, Arkansas area;
- Plaza dealerships operating in metropolitan St. Louis, Missouri; and
- Gray-Daniels dealerships operating in the Jackson, Mississippi area.

In addition, we own and operate two stand-alone used vehicle stores under the “Q auto” brand name in Florida.

Our operating results are generally subject to changes in the economic environment as well as seasonal variations. Historically, we have generated more revenue and operating income in the second and third quarters than in the first and fourth quarters of the calendar year. Generally, the seasonal variations in our results of operations are caused by factors related to weather conditions, changes in manufacturer incentive programs, model changeovers and consumer buying patterns, among other things.

## **2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

### *Basis of Presentation*

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”), and reflect the consolidated accounts of Asbury Automotive Group, Inc. and our wholly owned subsidiaries. All intercompany transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. In addition, certain reclassifications of amounts previously reported have been made to the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements in order to conform to current presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on previously reported net income.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the periods presented. Actual results could differ materially from these estimates. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed quarterly and the effects of any revisions are reflected in the condensed consolidated financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary. Significant estimates made in the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements include, but are not limited to, those relating to inventory valuation reserves, reserves for chargebacks against revenue recognized from the sale of finance and insurance products, certain assumptions related to intangible and long-lived assets, reserves for insurance programs, reserves for certain legal or similar proceedings relating to our business operations, realization of deferred tax assets and reserves for estimated tax liabilities.

In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting only of normal, recurring adjustments) considered necessary for a fair presentation of the condensed consolidated financial statements as of September 30, 2014, and for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, have been included. The results of operations for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for any other interim period, or any full



year period. Our condensed consolidated financial statements should be read together with our consolidated financial statements and the notes thereto contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013.

#### *Contracts-In-Transit*

Contracts-in-transit represent receivables from third-party finance companies for the portion of new and used vehicle purchase price financed by customers through sources arranged by us. Amounts due from contracts-in-transit are generally collected within two weeks following the date of sale of the related vehicle.

#### *Revenue Recognition*

Revenue from the sale of new and used vehicles (which excludes sales tax) is recognized upon the latest of delivery, passage of title, signing of the sales contract or approval of financing. Revenue from the sale of parts, service and collision repair work (which excludes sales tax) is recognized upon delivery of parts to the customer or at the time vehicle service or repair work is completed, as applicable. Manufacturer incentives and rebates, including manufacturer holdbacks, floor plan interest assistance and certain advertising assistance, are recognized as a reduction of new vehicle cost of sales at the time the related vehicles are sold.

We receive commissions from third-party lending and insurance institutions for arranging customer financing and from the sale of vehicle service contracts, credit life insurance and disability insurance, and other insurance, to customers (collectively “F&I”). We may be charged back (“chargebacks”) for F&I commissions in the event a contract is prepaid, defaulted upon or terminated. F&I commissions are recorded at the time a vehicle is sold and a reserve for future chargebacks is established based on historical chargeback experience and the termination provisions of the applicable contract. F&I commissions, net of estimated future chargebacks, are included in Finance and Insurance, net in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income.

#### *Earnings per Common Share*

Basic earnings per common share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted-average common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per common share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted-average common shares and common share equivalents outstanding during the period. For all periods presented, there were no adjustments to the numerator necessary to compute diluted earnings per share.

#### *Discontinued Operations*

Certain amounts reflected in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets have been classified as Assets Held for Sale, and from time to time any associated liabilities may be reflected on the consolidated balance sheets as Liabilities Associated with Assets Held for Sale, with such classification beginning on the date that the assets and any associated liabilities were first considered held for sale.

We report franchises and ancillary businesses as discontinued operations when it is evident that the operations and cash flows of a franchise or ancillary business being actively marketed for sale will be eliminated from our on-going operations and that we will not have any significant continuing involvement in its operations. We do not classify franchises as discontinued operations if we believe that the cash flows generated by the franchise will be replaced by expanded operations of our remaining franchises within the respective local market area.

Amounts in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2013 have been reclassified to reflect the results of franchises sold or closed subsequent to September 30, 2013 as if we had classified those franchises as discontinued operations for all periods presented.

#### *Statements of Cash Flows*

Borrowings and repayments of floor plan notes payable to a lender unaffiliated with the manufacturer from which we purchase a particular new vehicle (“Non-Trade”), and all floor plan notes payable relating to used vehicles (together referred to as “Floor Plan Notes Payable-Non-Trade”), are classified as financing activities on the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, with borrowings reflected separately from repayments. The net change in floor plan notes payable to a lender affiliated with the manufacturer from which we purchase a particular new vehicle (collectively referred to as “Floor Plan Notes Payable - Trade”) is classified as an operating activity on the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. Borrowings of floor plan notes payable associated with inventory acquired in connection with all acquisitions are classified as a financing activity. Cash flows related to floor plan notes payable included in operating activities differ from cash flows related to floor plan notes payable included in financing activities only to the extent that the former are payable to a lender affiliated with the manufacturer from which we purchased the related inventory, while the latter are payable to a lender

not affiliated with the manufacturer from which we purchased the related inventory. Repayments of Floor Plan Notes Payable - Trade associated with divestitures are classified as an operating activity. Repayments of Floor Plan Notes Payable - Non-Trade associated with divestitures are classified as a financing activity.

Loaner vehicles account for a significant portion of Other Current Assets. We acquire loaner vehicles either with available cash or through borrowings from manufacturer affiliated lenders. Loaner vehicles are initially used by our service department for only a short period of time (typically six to twelve months) before we seek to sell them. Therefore, we classify the acquisition of loaner vehicles and the related borrowings and repayments as operating activities in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. The cash outflow to acquire loaner vehicles is presented in Other Current Assets in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. Borrowings and repayments of loaner vehicle notes payable are presented in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. When loaner vehicles are taken out of loaner status they are transferred to used vehicle inventory, which is reflected as a non-cash transfer in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. The cash inflow from the sale of loaner vehicles is reflected in Inventories in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows.

#### *Recent Accounting Pronouncements*

In April 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (the “FASB”) issued an accounting standard that raises the threshold for disposals to qualify as discontinued operations and requires new disclosures of both discontinued operations and certain other disposals that do not meet the definition of a discontinued operation. The standard revised the definition of a discontinued operation to cover only asset disposals that are considered to be a strategic shift with a major impact on an entity's operations and finances, such as the disposal of a major geographic area or a significant line of business. Application of the standard, which is to be applied prospectively, is required for fiscal years beginning on or after December 15, 2014, and for interim periods within that year. We currently plan to adopt the standard in January 2015. Based on our initial assessment of the standard, we expect that any potential future disposals of our dealerships will not be reported as discontinued operations and that the results of operations of any such disposed dealerships, including revenues, costs and any gains or losses on disposal, will be classified as continuing operations within our Consolidated Statements of Income for all periods presented through the date of disposition. Our initial assessment is based on our current understanding of the standard and any potential future transactions will need to be evaluated, both individually and in the aggregate, to assess the impact of the standard.

In May 2014, the FASB issued their new standard on revenue recognition. The new standard will supersede existing revenue recognition guidance and apply to all entities that enter into contracts to provide goods or services to customers. The guidance also addresses the measurement and recognition of gains and losses on the sale of certain non-financial assets, such as real estate, property and equipment. The new standard will become effective beginning with the first quarter of 2017 and can be adopted either retrospectively to each reporting period presented or as a cumulative effect adjustment as of the date of adoption. We are currently evaluating the impact of adopting this new guidance on our consolidated financial statements.

### **3. ACQUISITIONS**

Results of acquired dealerships are included in our accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income commencing on the date of acquisition. Our acquisitions are accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting, which requires, among other things, that the assets acquired and liabilities assumed be recognized at their acquisition date fair values, with any excess of the consideration transferred over the estimated fair values of the identifiable net assets acquired recorded as goodwill. Goodwill is an asset representing operational synergies and future economic benefits arising from other assets acquired in a business combination that are not individually identified and separately recognized.

In January 2014, we acquired the assets of one franchise in our existing market of Greenville, South Carolina for an aggregate purchase price of \$4.6 million. Upon acquisition, this franchise was integrated with one of our existing dealership locations in Greenville. We financed this acquisition with \$4.1 million of cash and \$0.5 million of floor plan borrowings for the purchase of the related new vehicle inventory.

In June 2014, we acquired the assets of one franchise (one dealership location) in our existing market of Orlando, Florida for an aggregate purchase price of \$17.3 million. We financed this acquisition with \$11.3 million of cash and \$6.0 million of floor plan borrowings for the purchase of the related new vehicle inventory.

Below is the allocation of purchase price for the acquisitions completed during the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The \$8.6 million of goodwill and manufacturer franchise rights associated with our acquisitions will be deductible for federal and state income taxes ratably over a 15 year period.

	<b>As of September 30, 2014</b>	
	<b>(In millions)</b>	
Inventory	\$	7.3
Real estate		5.5
Property and equipment		0.5
Goodwill		7.3
Manufacturer franchise rights		1.3
Total purchase price	\$	21.9

#### 4. INVENTORIES

Inventories consisted of the following:

	<b>As of</b>	
	<b>September 30, 2014</b>	<b>December 31, 2013</b>
	<b>(In millions)</b>	
New vehicles	\$ 611.7	\$ 605.2
Used vehicles	130.4	121.8
Parts and accessories	42.5	40.7
Total inventories	\$ 784.6	\$ 767.7

The lower of cost or market reserves reduced total inventory cost by \$5.8 million and \$6.0 million as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. As of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, certain automobile manufacturer incentives reduced new vehicle inventory cost by \$6.7 million and \$7.4 million, respectively, and reduced new vehicle cost of sales from continuing operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and September 30, 2013 by \$22.5 million and \$20.4 million, respectively.

#### 5. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES HELD FOR SALE

Assets and liabilities classified as held for sale include (i) assets and liabilities associated with discontinued operations held for sale at each balance sheet date and (ii) real estate not currently used in our operations that we are actively marketing to sell and the related mortgage notes payable, if applicable.

Real estate not currently used in our operations that we are actively marketing to sell totaled \$7.5 million and \$9.1 million as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. There were no liabilities associated with our real estate assets held for sale as of September 30, 2014 or December 31, 2013.

A summary of assets held for sale is as follows:

	<b>As of</b>	
	<b>September 30, 2014</b>	<b>December 31, 2013</b>
	<b>(In millions)</b>	
Assets:		
Property and equipment, net	\$ 7.5	\$ 9.1
Total assets	\$ 7.5	\$ 9.1

## 6. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt consists of the following:

	As of	
	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
	(In millions)	
8.375% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2020	\$ 300.0	\$ 300.0
Mortgage notes payable bearing interest at fixed and variable rates	221.2	166.5
Real estate credit agreement	72.4	75.0
Capital lease obligations	3.6	3.7
	597.2	545.2
Add: unamortized premium on 8.375% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2020	8.4	9.2
Long-term debt, including current portion	605.6	554.4
Less: current portion (a)	(13.5)	(11.1)
Long-term debt	\$ 592.1	\$ 543.3

(a) Includes \$1.1 million of unamortized premium on our 8.375% Senior Subordinated Notes as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, we entered into seven fixed rate mortgage notes payable which are collateralized by the related real estate at seven of our owned dealership locations. The initial principal amount of the mortgage notes payable was \$59.8 million. All seven mortgages were financed by a captive finance company affiliated with one of our manufacturing partners. In connection with our entrance into these mortgage notes payable, we paid approximately \$0.7 million in debt issuance costs, which were capitalized and are being amortized to Other Interest Expense over the terms of the related mortgage notes payable.

Asbury Automotive Group, Inc. is a holding company with no independent assets or operations. For all periods presented, our 8.375% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2020 (the “8.375% Notes”) have been fully and unconditionally guaranteed, on a joint and several basis, by substantially all of our subsidiaries. Any subsidiaries which have not guaranteed such notes are “minor” (as defined in Rule 3-10(h) of Regulation S-X). As of September 30, 2014, there were no significant restrictions on the ability of our subsidiaries to distribute cash to us or our guarantor subsidiaries.

## 7. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND FAIR VALUE

In determining fair value, we use various valuation approaches, including market, income and/or cost approaches. Accounting standards establish a hierarchy for inputs used in measuring fair value that maximizes the use of observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs by requiring that the most observable inputs be used when available. Observable inputs are inputs that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on market data obtained from independent sources. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect our assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability developed based on the best information available in the circumstances. The hierarchy is broken down into three levels based on the reliability of inputs as follows:

Level 1—Valuations based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that we have the ability to access.

Level 2—Valuations based on quoted prices in markets that are not active or for which all significant inputs are observable, either directly or indirectly. Assets and liabilities utilizing Level 2 inputs include cash flow swap instruments and exchange-traded debt securities that are not actively traded or that do not have a high trading volume.

Level 3—Valuations based on inputs that are unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement. Asset and liability measurements utilizing Level 3 inputs include those used in estimating fair value of non-financial assets and non-financial liabilities in purchase acquisitions and those used in assessing impairment of manufacturer franchise rights.

The availability of observable inputs can vary and is affected by a wide variety of factors. To the extent that valuation is based on models or inputs that are less observable or unobservable in the market, the determination of fair value requires more

judgment. Accordingly, the degree of judgment required to determine fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3. In certain cases, the inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is disclosed is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

Fair value is a market-based measure considered from the perspective of a market participant who holds the asset or owes the liability rather than an entity-specific measure. Therefore, even when market assumptions are not readily available, our assumptions are set to reflect those that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability at the measurement date. We use inputs that are current as of the measurement date, including during periods of significant market fluctuations.

Financial instruments consist primarily of cash and cash equivalents, contracts-in-transit, accounts receivable, cash surrender value of corporate-owned life insurance policies, accounts payable, floor plan notes payable, subordinated long-term debt, mortgage notes payable and interest rate swap agreements. The carrying values of our financial instruments, with the exception of subordinated long-term debt, approximate fair value due to (i) their short-term nature, (ii) recently completed market transactions or (iii) existence of variable interest rates, which approximate market rates. The fair value of our subordinated long-term debt is based on reported market prices which reflect Level 2 inputs. A summary of the carrying values and fair values of our 8.375% Notes is as follows:

	As of	
	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
	(In millions)	
<b><u>Carrying Value:</u></b>		
8.375% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2020	\$ 308.4	\$ 309.2
Total carrying value	<u>\$ 308.4</u>	<u>\$ 309.2</u>
<b><u>Fair Value:</u></b>		
8.375% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2020	\$ 322.5	\$ 336.8
Total fair value	<u>\$ 322.5</u>	<u>\$ 336.8</u>

In November 2013, we entered into an interest rate swap agreement with a notional principal amount of \$75.0 million. This swap was designed to provide a hedge against changes in variable rate cash flows through maturity in September 2023. The notional value of this swap was \$72.4 million as of September 30, 2014 and is reducing over its remaining term to \$38.7 million at maturity.

We are also party to an interest rate swap agreement that had a notional principal amount of \$17.5 million as of September 30, 2014. This swap is designed to provide a hedge against changes in variable interest rate cash flows through maturity in October 2015. The notional value of this swap is reducing over the remaining term to \$16.1 million at maturity.

Both of our interest rate swaps qualify for cash flow hedge accounting treatment and do not, and will not, contain any ineffectiveness.

Information about the effect of derivative instruments on the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income, including the impact on Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income ("AOCI") (in millions):

For the Three Months Ended September 30,	Derivative in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships	Results Recognized in AOCI (Effective Portion)	Location of Results Reclassified from AOCI to Earnings	Amount Reclassified from AOCI to Earnings—Active Swaps	Amount Reclassified from AOCI to Earnings—Terminated Swaps	Ineffective Results Recognized in Earnings	Location of Ineffective Results
2014	Interest rate swaps	\$(0.4)	Swap interest expense	\$(0.5)	\$—	\$—	N/A
2013	Interest rate swaps	\$(0.1)	Swap interest expense	\$—	\$(0.1)	\$—	N/A

For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	Derivative in Cash Flow Hedging Relationships	Results Recognized in AOCI (Effective Portion)	Location of Results Reclassified from AOCI to Earnings	Amount Reclassified from AOCI to Earnings—Active Swaps	Amount Reclassified from AOCI to Earnings—Terminated Swaps	Ineffective Results Recognized in Earnings	Location of Ineffective Results
2014	Interest rate swaps	\$(3.2)	Swap interest expense	\$(1.5)	\$—	\$—	N/A
2013	Interest rate swaps	\$(0.1)	Swap interest expense	\$(0.2)	\$(2.0)	\$—	N/A

On the basis of yield curve conditions as of September 30, 2014 and including assumptions about future changes in fair value, we anticipate that the amount expected to be reclassified out of AOCI into earnings in the next 12 calendar months will be a loss of \$1.8 million.

Fair value estimates reflect a credit adjustment to the discount rate applied to all expected cash flows under the swap. Other than that assumption, all other inputs reflect Level 2 inputs.

Information about amounts reclassified out of AOCI	(In millions)
Accumulated other comprehensive income — December 31, 2013	\$ 0.2
Change in fair value of cash flow swaps	(1.7)
Income tax impact associated with cash flow swaps	0.7
Accumulated other comprehensive loss — September 30, 2014	<u>\$ (0.8)</u>

*Market Risk Disclosures as of September 30, 2014:*

Instruments entered into for trading purposes—None

Instruments entered into for hedging purposes (in millions)—

Type of Derivative	Notional Size	Underlying Rate	Expiration	Fair Value
Interest Rate Swap*	\$72.4	1 month LIBOR	September 2023	\$ (1.2)
Interest Rate Swap*	\$17.5	1 month LIBOR	October 2015	\$ (0.2)

\* The total fair value of our swaps is a \$1.4 million net liability, of which \$1.8 million is included in Accounts Payable and \$0.4 million is included in Other Long-Term Assets on the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet.

*Market Risk Disclosures as of December 31, 2013:*

Instruments entered into for trading purposes—None

Instruments entered into for hedging purposes (in millions)—

Type of Derivative	Notional Size	Underlying Rate	Expiration	Fair Value
Interest Rate Swap*	\$75.0	1 month LIBOR	September 2023	\$ 0.7
Interest Rate Swap*	\$18.4	1 month LIBOR	October 2015	\$ (0.4)

\* The total fair value of our swaps is a \$0.3 million net asset, of which \$1.9 million is included in Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities, \$0.1 million is included in Other Long-Term Liabilities and \$2.3 million is included in Other Long-Term Assets on the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet.

## 8. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS AND DIVESTITURES

As of September 30, 2014, there were no franchises pending disposition. Operating expenses in the table below include rent and other expenses of idle facilities previously associated with businesses sold or closed prior to September 30, 2014.

The following tables provide further information regarding our discontinued operations as of September 30, 2014, and includes the results of businesses sold prior to September 30, 2014:

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2014	2013
	(In millions)	
Revenues	\$ —	\$ —
Cost of sales	—	—
Gross profit	—	—
Operating expenses	0.1	0.2
Impairment expenses	—	—
Loss from operations	(0.1)	(0.2)
Other income, net	0.2	—
Gain on disposition	—	—
Loss before income taxes	0.1	(0.2)
Income tax benefit	—	0.1
Discontinued operations, net of tax	\$ 0.1	\$ (0.1)

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2014	2013
	(In millions, except franchise data)	
Franchises:		
Mid-line import	—	1
Total	—	1
Revenues	\$ —	\$ 3.8
Cost of sales	—	3.4
Gross profit	—	0.4
Operating expenses	0.7	1.5
Loss from operations	(0.7)	(1.1)
Other income, net	0.2	—
Gain on disposition	—	14.6
(Loss) income before income taxes	(0.5)	13.5
Income tax benefit (expense)	0.2	(5.2)
Discontinued operations, net of tax	\$ (0.3)	\$ 8.3

## 9. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, we made interest payments, including amounts capitalized, totaling \$31.7 million and \$34.1 million, respectively. Included in these interest payments are \$9.6 million and \$8.6 million, of floor plan interest payments for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, we made income tax payments, net of refunds received, totaling \$48.7 million and \$46.9 million, respectively.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, we sold \$2.6 million and \$11.1 million, respectively, of trade receivables at a discount of \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million, respectively.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, we transferred \$56.9 million and \$46.3 million, respectively, of loaner vehicles from Other Current Assets to Inventory on our Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets.

## **10. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

Our dealerships are party to dealer and framework agreements with applicable vehicle manufacturers. In accordance with these agreements, each dealership has certain rights and is subject to restrictions typical in the industry. The ability of these manufacturers to influence the operations of the dealerships or the loss of any of these agreements could have a materially negative impact on our operating results.

In some instances, manufacturers may have the right, and may direct us, to implement costly capital improvements to dealerships as a condition to entering into, renewing or extending franchise agreements with them. Manufacturers also typically require that their franchises meet specific standards of appearance. These factors, either alone or in combination, could cause us to use our financial resources on capital projects that we might not have planned for or otherwise determined to undertake.

From time to time, we and our dealerships are or may become involved in various claims relating to, and arising out of, our business and our operations. These claims may involve, but not be limited to, financial and other audits by vehicle manufacturers, lenders and certain federal, state and local government authorities, which have historically related primarily to (a) incentive and warranty payments received from vehicle manufacturers, or allegations of violations of manufacturer agreements or policies, (b) compliance with lender rules and covenants and (c) payments made to government authorities relating to federal, state and local taxes, as well as compliance with other government regulations. Claims may also arise through litigation, government proceedings and other dispute resolution processes. Such claims, including class actions, could relate to, but may not be limited to, the practice of charging administrative fees and other fees and commissions, employment-related matters, truth-in-lending and other dealer assisted financing obligations, contractual disputes, actions brought by governmental authorities and other matters. We evaluate pending and threatened claims and establish loss contingency reserves based upon outcomes we currently believe to be probable and reasonably estimable.

We believe we have adequately accrued for the potential impact of loss contingencies that are probable and reasonably estimable. Based on our review of the various types of claims currently known to us, there is no indication of material reasonably possible losses in excess of amounts accrued in the aggregate. We currently do not anticipate that any known claim will materially adversely affect our financial condition, liquidity or results of operations. However, the outcome of any matter cannot be predicted with certainty, and an unfavorable resolution of one or more matters presently known or arising in the future could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, liquidity or results of operations.

A significant portion of our business involves the sale of vehicles, parts or vehicles composed of parts that are manufactured outside the United States. As a result, our operations are subject to customary risks of importing merchandise, including fluctuations in the relative values of currencies, import duties, exchange controls, trade restrictions, work stoppages and general political and socio-economic conditions in foreign countries. The United States or the countries from which our products are imported may, from time to time, impose new quotas, duties, tariffs or other restrictions, or adjust presently prevailing quotas, duties or tariffs, which may affect our operations and our ability to purchase imported vehicles and/or parts at reasonable prices.

Substantially all of our facilities are subject to federal, state and local provisions regarding the discharge of materials into the environment. Compliance with these provisions has not had, nor do we expect such compliance to have, any material effect upon our capital expenditures, net earnings, financial condition, liquidity or competitive position. We believe that our current practices and procedures for the control and disposition of such materials comply with applicable federal, state and local requirements. No assurances can be provided, however, that future laws or regulations, or changes in existing laws or regulations, would not require us to expend significant resources in order to comply therewith.

We had \$10.7 million of letters of credit outstanding as of September 30, 2014, which are required by certain of our insurance providers. In addition, as of September 30, 2014, we maintained a \$5.0 million surety bond line in the ordinary course of our business. Our letters of credit and surety bond line are considered to be off balance sheet arrangements.

Our other material commitments include (i) floor plan notes payable, (ii) operating leases, (iii) long-term debt and (iv) interest on long-term debt, as described elsewhere herein.



## 11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In October 2014, we entered into a fixed rate mortgage note payable which was collateralized by the related real estate at one of our owned dealership locations. The total initial principal amount of the mortgage note payable was \$13.4 million.

Subsequent to September 30, 2014, our floor plan facility with Ford terminated in accordance with its terms on the maturity date thereof. At that time, all amounts outstanding thereunder were repaid with an equivalent amount of additional borrowings under our senior secured new vehicle revolving floor plan facility.

In October 2014, our Board of Directors approved an additional increase in our stock repurchase authorization, bringing our ability to repurchase common stock up to a total of \$200.0 million as of October 15, 2014. Our board-approved authority to repurchase common stock has no stated expiration date and any associated repurchases may be completed in open market, or privately negotiated, transactions from time to time. Any repurchases will be subject to applicable limitations in our debt or other financing agreements as may be in existence from time to time.

Pursuant to the indenture governing our 8.375% Notes (the “Indenture”) and the agreements governing our senior secured credit facilities (the “Credit Agreement”), our ability to repurchase shares of our common stock and pay cash dividends is limited by our required compliance with certain financial covenants and restrictions. As of September 30, 2014, the financial covenants and restrictions contained in the Credit Agreement were more restrictive than those contained in the Indenture, and limited our ability to repurchase shares of our common stock and pay cash dividends to a total of \$92.8 million.

In October 2014, we amended the Credit Agreement, effectively increasing our ability to repurchase shares of our common stock and pay cash dividends by approximately \$83.6 million as of the amendment date. After giving effect to the amendment, our calculated ability to repurchase shares of our common stock and pay cash dividends as of September 30, 2014 would have been \$176.4 million.

Under the Indenture, as of September 30, 2014, our capacity to repurchase our common stock remains at \$116.5 million. Accordingly, the limitations contained in the Indenture are now the most restrictive.

## Item 2. Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operation

### Forward-Looking Information

Certain of the discussions and information included in this report may constitute “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of the federal securities laws. Forward-looking statements are statements that are not historical in nature and may include statements relating to our goals, plans and projections regarding industry and general economic trends, our expected financial position, results of operations or market position and our business strategy. Such statements can generally be identified by words such as “may,” “target,” “could,” “would,” “will,” “should,” “believe,” “expect,” “anticipate,” “plan,” “intend,” “foresee” and other similar words or phrases. Forward-looking statements may also relate to our expectations and assumptions with respect to, among other things:

- our ability to execute our business strategy;
- the seasonally adjusted annual rate (“SAAR”) of new vehicle sales in the U.S.;
- our ability to further improve our operating cash flows, and the availability of capital and liquidity;
- our estimated future capital expenditures;
- the duration of the economic recovery process and its impact on our revenues and expenses;
- our parts and service revenue due to, among other things, improvements in manufacturing quality;
- the variable nature of significant components of our cost structure;
- our ability to limit our exposure to regional economic downturns due to our geographic diversity and brand mix;
- manufacturers’ willingness to continue to use incentive programs to drive demand for their product offerings;
- our ability to leverage our common systems, infrastructure and processes in a cost-efficient manner;
- our capital allocation strategy, including acquisitions and divestitures, stock repurchases and capital expenditures;
- the continued availability of financing, including floor plan financing for inventory;

- the ability of consumers to secure vehicle financing, including at favorable rates;
- the growth of mid-line import and luxury brands over the long-term;
- our ability to mitigate any future negative trends in new vehicle sales; and
- our ability to increase our net income as a result of the foregoing and other factors.

Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors that may cause our actual future results, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements. Such factors include, but are not limited to:

- our ability to execute our balanced automotive retailing and service business strategy;
- the level of SAAR;
- changes in the mix, and total number, of vehicles we are able to sell;
- changes in general economic and business conditions, including changes in consumer confidence levels, interest rates, consumer credit availability and employment levels;
- changes in laws and regulations governing the operation of automobile franchises, including trade restrictions, consumer protections, accounting standards, taxation requirements and environmental laws;
- changes in the price of oil and gasoline;
- the timing and extent of any manufacturer recalls;
- our ability to generate sufficient cash flows, maintain our liquidity and obtain any necessary additional funds for working capital, capital expenditures, acquisitions, stock repurchases, debt maturity repayments and other corporate purposes, if necessary or desirable;
- our continued ability to comply with applicable covenants in various of our financing and lease agreements, or to obtain waivers of these covenants as necessary;
- our relationships with, and the reputation and financial health and viability of, the vehicle manufacturers whose brands we sell, and their ability to design, manufacture, deliver and market their vehicles successfully;
- significant disruptions in the production and delivery of vehicles and parts for any reason, including natural disasters, product recalls, work stoppages or other occurrences that are outside of our control;
- adverse results from litigation or other similar proceedings involving us;
- our relationships with, and the financial stability of, our lenders and lessors;
- our ability to execute our initiatives and other strategies;
- high levels of competition in our industry, which may create pricing and margin pressures on our products and services;
- our ability to renew, and enter into new, framework and dealer agreements with vehicle manufacturers whose brands we sell, on terms acceptable to us;
- our ability to attract and to retain key personnel;
- our ability to leverage gains from our dealership portfolio; and
- any disruptions in the financial markets, which may impact our ability to access capital.

Many of these factors are beyond our ability to control or predict, and their ultimate impact could be material. Moreover, the factors set forth in the discussion and analysis below and under Item 1A entitled “Risk Factors” in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2013 and other cautionary statements made in this report should be read and considered as forward-looking statements subject to such uncertainties. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date they are made, and we assume no obligation to update any forward-looking statements.

## OVERVIEW

We are one of the largest automotive retailers in the United States, operating 81 dealership locations (102 franchises) in 18 metropolitan markets within 10 states as of September 30, 2014. We offer an extensive range of automotive products and services, including new and used vehicles; vehicle maintenance, replacement parts and collision repair services; and financing, insurance and service contracts. As of September 30, 2014, we offered 29 domestic and foreign brands of new vehicles. Our current new vehicle revenue brand mix consists of 48% mid-line, 38% luxury, and 14% domestic brands. We also operate 24 collision repair centers that serve customers in our local markets.

Our retail network is made up of dealerships operating primarily under the following locally-branded dealership groups:

- Coggin dealerships, operating primarily in Jacksonville, Fort Pierce and Orlando, Florida;
- Courtesy dealerships operating in Tampa, Florida;
- Crown dealerships operating in New Jersey, North Carolina, South Carolina and Virginia;
- Nalley dealerships operating in metropolitan Atlanta, Georgia;
- McDavid dealerships operating in Austin, Dallas and Houston, Texas;
- North Point dealerships operating in the Little Rock, Arkansas area;
- Plaza dealerships operating in metropolitan St. Louis, Missouri; and
- Gray-Daniels dealerships operating in the Jackson, Mississippi area.

In addition, we own and operate two stand-alone used vehicle stores under the “Q auto” brand name in Florida.

Our revenues are derived primarily from: (i) the sale of new vehicles to individual retail customers (“new vehicle retail”) and commercial customers (“fleet”) (the terms “new vehicle retail” and “fleet” being together referred to as “new”); (ii) the sale of used vehicles to individual retail customers (“used retail”) and to other dealers at auction (“wholesale”) (the terms “used retail” and “wholesale” being together referred to as “used”); (iii) maintenance and collision repair services and the sale of automotive parts (together referred to as “parts and service”); and (iv) the arrangement of vehicle financing and the sale of a number of aftermarket products, such as insurance and service contracts (collectively referred to as “F&I”). We evaluate the results of our new and used vehicle sales based on unit volumes and gross profit per vehicle sold, our parts and service operations based on aggregate gross profit, and F&I based on dealership generated F&I gross profit per vehicle sold. We assess the organic growth of our revenue and gross profit by comparing the year-to-year results of stores that we have operated for at least twelve full months (“same store”).

Our organic growth is dependent upon the execution of our balanced automotive retailing and service business strategy, the continued strength of our brand mix and the production of desirable vehicles by automobile manufacturers whose brands we sell. Our vehicle sales have historically fluctuated with product availability as well as local and national economic conditions, including consumer confidence, availability of consumer credit, fuel prices and employment levels. We believe that the impact on our business of any future negative trends in new vehicle sales would be partially mitigated by (i) the expected relative stability of our parts and service operations over the long-term, (ii) the variable nature of significant components of our cost structure and (iii) our brand mix. Historically, our brand mix has been less affected by market volatility than the U.S. automobile industry as a whole. We believe that our new vehicle revenue brand mix, which included approximately 49% of revenue from mid-line import brands and 37% of revenue from luxury brands in the third quarter of 2014, is well positioned for growth over the long term.

Our operating results are generally subject to changes in the economic environment as well as seasonal variations. Historically, we have generated more revenue and operating income in the second and third quarters than in the first and fourth quarters of the calendar year. Generally, the seasonal variations in our results of operations are caused by factors related to weather conditions, changes in manufacturer incentive programs, model changeovers and consumer buying patterns, among other things.

Our gross profit margin varies with our revenue mix. The sale of new vehicles generally results in lower gross profit margin than used vehicle sales and sales of parts and service. As a result, when used vehicle and parts and service revenue increase as a percentage of total revenue, we expect our overall gross profit margin to increase.

Selling, general and administrative (“SG&A”) expenses consist primarily of fixed and incentive-based compensation, advertising, rent, insurance, utilities and other customary operating expenses. A significant portion of our cost structure is variable (such as sales commissions), or controllable (such as advertising), generally allowing us to adapt to changes in the retail environment over the long-term. We evaluate commissions paid to salespeople as a percentage of retail vehicle gross

profit and all other SG&A expenses in the aggregate as a percentage of total gross profit, with the exception of advertising expense, which we evaluate on a per vehicle retailed (“PVR”) basis.

The United States automotive retail market showed continued year-over-year improvement through the third quarter of 2014, with new vehicle SAAR increasing to 16.8 million during the third quarter of 2014 as compared to 15.7 million during the third quarter of 2013. We continued to benefit from improving economic conditions in 2014, which we attribute to continued increases in consumer confidence, the continued availability of credit at terms favorable to consumers resulting primarily from the current low interest rate environment, gradually improving unemployment levels, and the increasing age of the U.S. automotive fleet. We believe that the overall economic recovery will continue to be fragile, and may be subject to change based on consumer confidence, interest rates, unemployment levels and other macro-economic factors as the long-term prospects for, and the timing of, a return to a consistently strong economy continue to be difficult to predict.

As of September 30, 2014, we had total available liquidity of \$376.6 million, which consisted of cash and cash equivalents of \$11.1 million, \$122.0 million of availability under our floor plan offset account, and borrowing availability of \$164.3 million and \$79.2 million under our revolving credit facility and our used vehicle revolving floor plan facility, respectively. For further discussion of our liquidity, please refer to “Liquidity and Capital Resources” below.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### Three Months Ended September 30, 2014 Compared to the Three Months Ended September 30, 2013

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		Increase (Decrease)	% Change
	2014	2013		
(Dollars in millions, except per share data)				
<b>REVENUES:</b>				
New vehicle	\$ 821.3	\$ 759.9	61.4	8 %
Used vehicle	457.0	421.7	35.3	8 %
Parts and service	168.3	154.0	14.3	9 %
Finance and insurance, net	59.0	54.7	4.3	8 %
Total revenues	1,505.6	1,390.3	115.3	8 %
<b>GROSS PROFIT:</b>				
New vehicle	49.2	46.5	2.7	6 %
Used vehicle	31.2	30.5	0.7	2 %
Parts and service	105.2	93.6	11.6	12 %
Finance and insurance, net	59.0	54.7	4.3	8 %
Total gross profit	244.6	225.3	19.3	9 %
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES:</b>				
Selling, general and administrative	171.5	159.2	12.3	8 %
Depreciation and amortization	6.7	6.2	0.5	8 %
Other operating expense, net	0.3	1.9	(1.6)	(84)%
Income from operations	66.1	58.0	8.1	14 %
<b>OTHER EXPENSES:</b>				
Floor plan interest expense	(3.0)	(2.9)	0.1	3 %
Other interest expense, net	(9.6)	(11.1)	(1.5)	(14)%
Swap interest expense	(0.5)	(0.1)	0.4	400 %
Loss on extinguishment of long-term debt	—	(6.8)	(6.8)	(100)%
Total other expense, net	(13.1)	(20.9)	(7.8)	(37)%
Income before income taxes	53.0	37.1	15.9	43 %
<b>INCOME TAX EXPENSE</b>	20.6	14.3	6.3	44 %
<b>INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS</b>	32.4	22.8	9.6	42 %
<b>DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS, net of tax</b>	0.1	(0.1)	0.2	200 %
<b>NET INCOME</b>	\$ 32.5	\$ 22.7	\$ 9.8	43 %
Income from continuing operations per common share—Diluted	\$ 1.08	\$ 0.73	\$ 0.35	48 %
Net income per common share—Diluted	\$ 1.08	\$ 0.73	\$ 0.35	48 %

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,	
	2014	2013
<b>REVENUE MIX PERCENTAGES:</b>		
New vehicles	54.5 %	54.7 %
Used retail vehicles	26.6 %	26.7 %
Used vehicle wholesale	3.8 %	3.6 %
Parts and service	11.2 %	11.1 %
Finance and insurance, net	3.9 %	3.9 %
Total revenue	100.0 %	100.0 %
<b>GROSS PROFIT MIX PERCENTAGES:</b>		
New vehicles	20.1 %	20.6 %
Used retail vehicles	13.4 %	14.1 %
Used vehicle wholesale	(0.6)%	(0.5)%
Parts and service	43.0 %	41.5 %
Finance and insurance, net	24.1 %	24.3 %
Total gross profit	100.0 %	100.0 %
<b>SG&amp;A EXPENSES AS A PERCENTAGE OF GROSS PROFIT</b>	<b>70.1 %</b>	<b>70.7 %</b>

Net income and income from continuing operations increased by \$9.8 million (43%) and \$9.6 million (42%), respectively, during the third quarter of 2014 as compared to the third quarter of 2013. The increase in income from continuing operations was primarily driven by (i) a \$19.3 million (9%) increase in gross profit, (ii) a prior year quarter loss of \$6.8 million on the redemption of our 7.625% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2017 (the “7.625% Notes”), (iii) prior year quarter real estate related charges of \$2.1 million included in Other Operating Expense, net and (iv) a \$1.5 million (14%) decrease in Other Interest Expense, net as a result of the redemption of our 7.625% Notes in the prior year quarter, all of which were partially offset by a \$12.3 million (8%) increase in SG&A expenses.

Gross profit increased across all four of our business lines and was driven by (i) an \$11.6 million (12%) increase in parts and service gross profit, (ii) a \$4.3 million (8%) increase in F&I gross profit and (iii) a \$2.7 million (6%) increase in new vehicle gross profit. Our total gross profit margin remained unchanged at 16.2% with a 170 basis point increase in our same store parts and service gross margin offset by a 30 basis point decrease in our same store used vehicle retail gross margin.

The \$115.3 million (8%) increase in total revenue was primarily a result of (i) a \$61.4 million (8%) increase in new vehicle revenue and (ii) a \$35.3 million (8%) increase in used vehicle revenue.

### New Vehicle—

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,			%
	2014	2013	Increase	Change
(Dollars in millions, except for per vehicle data)				
Revenue:				
New vehicle revenue—same store(1)				
Luxury	\$ 298.0	\$ 282.8	\$ 15.2	5%
Mid-line import	403.5	377.5	26.0	7%
Mid-line domestic	112.1	99.6	12.5	13%
Total new vehicle revenue—same store(1)	813.6	759.9	53.7	7%
New vehicle revenue—acquisitions and new stores	7.7	—		
New vehicle revenue, as reported	\$ 821.3	\$ 759.9	\$ 61.4	8%
Gross profit:				
New vehicle gross profit—same store(1)				
Luxury	\$ 21.2	\$ 20.6	\$ 0.6	3%
Mid-line import	20.6	19.5	1.1	6%
Mid-line domestic	6.7	6.4	0.3	5%
Total new vehicle gross profit—same store(1)	48.5	46.5	2.0	4%
New vehicle gross profit—acquisitions and new stores	0.7	—		
New vehicle gross profit, as reported	\$ 49.2	\$ 46.5	\$ 2.7	6%
	For the Three Months Ended September 30,			%
	2014	2013	Increase	Change
New vehicle units:				
New vehicle retail units—same store(1)				
Luxury	5,879	5,705	174	3%
Mid-line import	15,238	14,193	1,045	7%
Mid-line domestic	2,965	2,747	218	8%
Total new vehicle retail units—same store(1)	24,082	22,645	1,437	6%
Fleet vehicles	336	242	94	39%
Total new vehicle units—same store(1)	24,418	22,887	1,531	7%
New vehicle units—acquisitions and new stores	236	—		
New vehicle units—actual	24,654	22,887	1,767	8%

### New Vehicle Metrics—

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		Increase (Decrease)	% Change
	2014	2013		
Revenue per new vehicle sold—same store(1)	\$ 33,320	\$ 33,202	\$ 118	— %
Gross profit per new vehicle sold—same store(1)	\$ 1,986	\$ 2,032	\$ (46)	(2)%
New vehicle gross margin—same store(1)	6.0%	6.1%	(0.1)%	(2)%

(1) Same store amounts consist of information from dealerships for the identical months of each period presented in the comparison, commencing with the first full month in which the dealership was owned by us.

The \$61.4 million (8%) increase in new vehicle revenue was primarily a result of a 7% increase in same store new vehicle unit sales, combined with \$7.7 million derived from acquisitions. Same store revenues increased across each of our three brand categories, driven primarily by corresponding new vehicle unit sales increases.

Total new vehicle gross profit increased by \$2.7 million (6%), largely driven by a \$1.1 million (6%) increase in same store gross profit from our mid-line import brands and a \$0.6 million (3%) increase in same store gross profit from our luxury brands. Our new vehicle gross profit also included \$0.7 million derived from acquisitions. Our same store gross profit per new vehicle sold decreased by \$46 (2%) overall, largely driven by slight margin declines in our mid-line import and mid-line domestic brands, coupled with a shift in our sales mix towards these brands, which have lower margins than our luxury brands. Our margins in the near future are expected to be primarily dependent upon market-based forces of supply and demand

Same store unit volumes for our mid-line domestic and mid-line import brands increased by 8% and 7% respectively, driving the overall 7% increase in same store new vehicle unit sales and reflecting (i) an increase in sales of new and redesigned models, (ii) the continued availability of credit at terms favorable to our customers and (iii) an improvement in the availability of new vehicle inventory from which to choose. New vehicle SAAR increased by 7% to 16.8 million for the third quarter of 2014 as compared to 15.7 million in the third quarter of 2013.

#### Used Vehicle—

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		Increase (Decrease)	% Change
	2014	2013		
(Dollars in millions, except for per vehicle data)				
Revenue:				
Used vehicle retail revenues—same store(1)	\$ 391.0	\$ 371.2	\$ 19.8	5%
Used vehicle retail revenues—acquisitions and new stores	8.6	—		
Total used vehicle retail revenues	399.6	371.2	28.4	8%
Used vehicle wholesale revenues—same store(1)	56.8	50.5	6.3	12%
Used vehicle wholesale revenues—acquisitions and new stores	0.6	—		
Total used vehicle wholesale revenues	57.4	50.5	6.9	14%
Used vehicle revenue, as reported	\$ 457.0	\$ 421.7	\$ 35.3	8%
Gross profit:				
Used vehicle retail gross profit—same store(1)	\$ 31.9	\$ 31.6	\$ 0.3	1%
Used vehicle retail gross profit—acquisitions and new stores	0.7	—		
Total used vehicle retail gross profit	32.6	31.6	1.0	3%
Used vehicle wholesale gross profit—same store(1)	(1.2)	(1.1)	(0.1)	9%
Used vehicle wholesale gross profit—acquisitions and new stores	(0.2)	—		
Total used vehicle wholesale gross profit	(1.4)	(1.1)	(0.3)	27%
Used vehicle gross profit, as reported	\$ 31.2	\$ 30.5	\$ 0.7	2%
Used vehicle retail units:				
Used vehicle retail units—same store(1)	19,178	18,715	463	2%
Used vehicle retail units—acquisitions and new stores	447	—		
Used vehicle retail units—actual	19,625	18,715	910	5%

#### Used Vehicle Metrics—

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,		Increase (Decrease)	% Change
	2014	2013		
Revenue per used vehicle retailed—same store(1)	\$ 20,388	\$ 19,834	\$ 554	3 %
Gross profit per used vehicle retailed—same store(1)	\$ 1,663	\$ 1,688	\$ (25)	(1)%
Used vehicle retail gross margin—same store(1)	8.2%	8.5%	(0.3)%	(4)%

(1) Same store amounts consist of information from dealerships for the identical months of each period presented in the comparison, commencing with the first full month in which the dealership was owned by us.



The \$35.3 million (8%) increase in used vehicle revenue was primarily the result of (i) a 3% increase in same store revenue per used vehicle retailed, (ii) a 2% increase in same store used vehicle retail unit sales, (iii) \$9.2 million derived from acquisitions and other new stores and (iv) a \$6.3 million (12%) increase in same store used vehicle wholesale revenue. The 2% increase in same store used vehicle retail unit sales reflects the continued availability of credit at terms favorable to customers and the ongoing impact of our “Asbury 1-2-1” program, a volume-driven initiative with a goal of retailing one used vehicle for every new vehicle retailed. This program is designed to drive not only used retail volume, but to increase revenues from associated parts and service reconditioning and F&I as well. The \$6.3 million increase in same store used vehicle wholesale revenue was primarily the result of reducing our days supply of inventory during the third quarter of 2014.

The \$1.0 million (3%) increase in used vehicle retail gross profit was driven primarily by our acquisitions and other new stores and a 2% increase in same store unit volumes, partially offset by a 1% decrease in gross profit per vehicle used vehicle retailed. Our used vehicle retail margins in the third quarter of 2014 were impacted by (i) margin pressures created by the general increase in the supply of used vehicles as a result of customer trade-ins and vehicles coming off lease, (ii) a declining price environment pressured by an increase in manufacturer new vehicle incentives, (iii) our focus on selling more used vehicles as retail units instead of wholesale units and (iv) our reduction of inventory levels moving into the fall selling season.

Our used vehicle inventory had approximately 35 days of supply in our inventory as of September 30, 2014 as compared to 41 days of supply as of June 30, 2014.

#### Parts and Service—

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,			% Change
	2014	2013	Increase	
(Dollars in millions)				
Revenue:				
Parts and service revenue—same store(1)	\$ 167.6	\$ 154.0	\$ 13.6	9%
Parts and service revenues—acquisitions and new stores	0.7	—		
Parts and service revenue, as reported	<u>\$ 168.3</u>	<u>\$ 154.0</u>	\$ 14.3	9%
Gross profit:				
Parts and service gross profit—same store(1)				
Customer pay	\$ 58.2	\$ 54.4	\$ 3.8	7%
Reconditioning and preparation	27.2	23.0	4.2	18%
Warranty	14.2	11.4	2.8	25%
Wholesale parts	5.1	4.8	0.3	6%
Total parts and service gross profit—same store(1)	<u>104.7</u>	<u>93.6</u>	11.1	12%
Parts and service gross profit—acquisitions and new stores	0.5	—		
Parts and service gross profit, as reported	<u>\$ 105.2</u>	<u>\$ 93.6</u>	\$ 11.6	12%
Parts and service gross margin—same store(1)	62.5%	60.8%	1.7%	3%

(1) Same store amounts consist of information from dealerships for the identical months of each period presented in the comparison, commencing with the first full month in which the dealership was owned by us.

The \$14.3 million (9%) increase in parts and service revenue was primarily due to (i) a \$7.9 million (7%) increase in same store customer pay revenue, (ii) a \$4.2 million (18%) increase in same store warranty revenue and (iii) \$0.7 million derived from acquisitions and other new stores. The 170 basis point increase in our same store parts and service gross margin was primarily the result of increases in our higher margin parts and service businesses, including an 18% increase in gross profit from reconditioning and preparation of vehicles, a 25% increase in gross profit from warranty work and a 7% increase in our customer pay parts and service gross profit. The \$4.2 million increase in reconditioning and preparation gross profit was primarily driven by a 2% increase in our same store used vehicle retail unit sales and a 7% increase in our same store new vehicle unit sales. Gross profit associated with warranty work increased by 2.8 million (25%), partially due to certain

manufacturer recalls that occurred during the third quarter of 2014, as well as increased units in operation resulting from the steady increase in new vehicle sales in the United States over the past few years.

We continue to focus on further increasing our parts and service revenue, and specifically our customer pay business, over the long-term by (i) continuing to invest in additional service capacity, where appropriate, (ii) upgrading equipment, (iii) focusing on improving customer retention and customer satisfaction and (iv) capitalizing on our employee training and recruiting programs.

*Finance and Insurance, net—*

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,				%
	2014	2013	Increase		Change
(Dollars in millions, except for per vehicle data)					
Finance and insurance, net—same store(1)	\$ 58.3	\$ 54.7	\$ 3.6		7%
Finance and insurance, net—acquisitions and new stores	0.7	—			
Finance and insurance, net as reported	\$ 59.0	\$ 54.7	\$ 4.3		8%
Finance and insurance, net per vehicle sold—same store(1)	\$ 1,337	\$ 1,315	\$ 22		2%

(1) Same store amounts consist of information from dealerships for the identical months of each period presented in the comparison, commencing with the first full month in which the dealership was owned by us.

F&I increased by \$4.3 million (8%) during the third quarter of 2014 as compared to third quarter of 2013, primarily due to (i) a 5% increase in same store retail unit sales and (ii) \$0.7 million derived from acquisitions and other new stores. We continue to focus on improving the number of F&I contracts sold as a percentage of retail unit sales (also known as our F&I penetration rate), as well as improving the F&I results at our lower-performing stores through our F&I training programs, which include implementing a certification process and certain best practices initiatives.

*Selling, General and Administrative Expense—*

	For the Three Months Ended September 30,					% of Gross Profit (Decrease) Increase
	2014	% of Gross Profit	2013	% of Gross Profit	Increase (Decrease)	
	(Dollars in millions)					
Personnel costs	\$ 75.7	31.3%	\$ 72.7	32.3%	\$ 3.0	(1.0)%
Sales compensation	25.7	10.6%	24.5	10.9%	1.2	(0.3)%
Share-based compensation	2.4	1.0%	2.5	1.1%	(0.1)	(0.1)%
Outside services	18.3	7.6%	16.0	7.1%	2.3	0.5 %
Advertising	8.0	3.3%	8.6	3.8%	(0.6)	(0.5)%
Rent	7.8	3.2%	8.1	3.6%	(0.3)	(0.4)%
Utilities	4.4	1.8%	4.1	1.8%	0.3	— %
Insurance	3.7	1.5%	2.7	1.2%	1.0	0.3 %
Other	22.4	9.2%	20.0	8.9%	2.4	0.3 %
Selling, general and administrative expense—same store(1)	168.4	69.5%	159.2	70.7%	9.2	(1.2)%
Acquisitions and new stores	3.1		—			
Selling, general and administrative—actual	\$ 171.5	70.1%	\$ 159.2	70.7%	\$ 12.3	(0.6)%
Gross profit—same store(1)	\$ 242.2		\$ 225.3			
Gross profit—actual	\$ 244.6		\$ 225.3			

- (1) Same store amounts consist of information from dealerships for the identical months of each period presented in the comparison, commencing with the first full month in which the dealership was owned by us.

Same store SG&A expense as a percentage of gross profit was 69.5% for the third quarter of 2014 as compared to 70.7% for the third quarter of 2013. The 120 basis point decrease was primarily attributable to (i) a 100 basis point decrease in personnel costs as a result of further leveraging our fixed cost structure, (ii) a 50 basis point decrease in advertising expense and (iii) a 40 basis point decrease in rent expense primarily as a result of our recent purchases of certain previously leased real estate.

We continue to be engaged in numerous productivity initiatives designed to further reduce our fixed cost structure and improve our profitability and are currently focused on fully leveraging our single dealer management system with our other technology platforms and centralizing additional back office processes. We also continuously evaluate opportunities to purchase real estate properties that we lease.

#### *Depreciation and Amortization Expense —*

The \$0.5 million (8%) increase in depreciation and amortization expense during the third quarter of 2014 when compared to the third quarter of 2013 was primarily the result of (i) our purchase of certain previously leased real estate throughout 2013, (ii) additional fixed assets acquired in acquisitions and (iii) the completion of certain construction projects that resulted in newly depreciable assets placed into service during the past year.

#### *Other Operating Expense, net —*

Other Operating Expense, net includes gains and losses from the sale of property and equipment, income derived from lease arrangements and other non-core operating items. During the third quarter of 2013, we recognized a \$2.1 million lease termination charge as a result of our purchase of certain previously leased real estate.

#### *Loss on Extinguishment of long-term Debt —*

During the third quarter of 2013, we recognized a \$6.8 million loss on the redemption of all of the \$143.2 million of our outstanding 7.625% Notes, consisting of (i) \$3.6 million of premiums paid pursuant to the terms of the redemption notice, (ii) a \$3.1 million write-off of unamortized debt issuance costs associated with the 7.625% Notes and (iii) \$0.1 million of third-party costs associated with the redemption of the 7.625% Notes.

#### *Swap Interest Expense —*

We have historically entered into various derivative financial instruments, including fair value and cash flow interest rate swaps, which have been designed to provide hedges against changes in fair value of certain debt obligations and variable rate cash flows. Our earnings have been impacted by these interest rate swaps in the form of (i) amounts reclassified from AOCI to earnings for active swaps, (ii) amortization of amounts reclassified from AOCI to earnings for terminated cash flow swaps and (iii) amortization of terminated fair value swaps. The pre-tax impact on earnings related to our various derivative financial instruments during the third quarter of 2014 and 2013 was \$0.5 million and \$0.1 million, respectively. The \$0.4 million increase in swap interest expense during the third quarter of 2014 when compared to the third quarter 2013 is primarily the result of an interest rate swap entered into during the fourth quarter of 2013.

#### *Income Tax Expense —*

The \$6.3 million (44%) increase in income tax expense was primarily a result of the \$15.9 million (43%) increase in income before income taxes in the third quarter of 2014 compared to the third quarter of 2013. Our effective tax rate increased 40 basis points from 38.5% in 2013 to 38.9% in the 2014. Our effective tax rate is highly dependent on our level of income before income taxes and permanent differences between book and tax income. As a result, it is difficult to project our overall effective tax rate for any given period. Based upon our current expectation of 2014 income before income taxes, we expect our effective income tax rate will be between 38% and 40% in 2014.

#### *Discontinued Operations —*

The \$0.1 million, net of tax, net gain from discontinued operations for the third quarter of 2014 consists of \$0.2 million in insurance recoveries offset by \$0.1 million in rent and other expenses of idle facilities associated with franchises sold prior to September 30, 2014.

The \$0.1 million, net of tax, net loss from discontinued operations in the third quarter of 2013 consists of net operating losses of franchises sold prior to September 30, 2013, including rent and other expenses of idle facilities.

We continuously evaluate the financial and operating results of our dealerships, as well as each dealership's geographical location, and may continue to refine our dealership portfolio through strategic acquisitions or divestitures from time to time.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

### Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 Compared to the Nine Months Ended September 30, 2013

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,		Increase (Decrease)	% Change
	2014	2013		
(Dollars in millions, except per share data)				
<b>REVENUES:</b>				
New vehicle	\$ 2,378.8	\$ 2,167.9	\$ 210.9	10 %
Used vehicle	1,319.2	1,183.5	135.7	11 %
Parts and service	495.9	455.5	40.4	9 %
Finance and insurance, net	170.8	154.1	16.7	11 %
Total revenues	4,364.7	3,961.0	403.7	10 %
<b>GROSS PROFIT:</b>				
New vehicle	146.4	132.3	14.1	11 %
Used vehicle	98.6	92.7	5.9	6 %
Parts and service	306.8	274.8	32.0	12 %
Finance and insurance, net	170.8	154.1	16.7	11 %
Total gross profit	722.6	653.9	68.7	11 %
<b>OPERATING EXPENSES:</b>				
Selling, general and administrative	500.5	460.8	39.7	9 %
Depreciation and amortization	19.4	18.0	1.4	8 %
Other operating expense, net	0.2	7.1	(6.9)	(97)%
Income from operations	202.5	168.0	34.5	21 %
<b>OTHER EXPENSES:</b>				
Floor plan interest expense	(9.3)	(9.1)	0.2	2 %
Other interest expense, net	(28.2)	(29.8)	(1.6)	(5)%
Swap interest expense	(1.5)	(2.2)	(0.7)	(32)%
Loss on extinguishment of long-term debt	—	(6.8)	(6.8)	100 %
Total other expense, net	(39.0)	(47.9)	(8.9)	(19)%
Income before income taxes	163.5	120.1	43.4	36 %
<b>INCOME TAX EXPENSE</b>	63.4	46.2	17.2	37 %
<b>INCOME FROM CONTINUING OPERATIONS</b>	100.1	73.9	26.2	35 %
<b>DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS, net of tax</b>	(0.3)	8.3	(8.6)	(104)%
<b>NET INCOME</b>	\$ 99.8	\$ 82.2	\$ 17.6	21 %
Income from continuing operations per common share—Diluted	\$ 3.29	\$ 2.38	\$ 0.91	38 %
Net income per common share—Diluted	\$ 3.28	\$ 2.64	\$ 0.64	24 %

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2014	2013
<b>REVENUE MIX PERCENTAGES:</b>		
New vehicles	54.5 %	54.7 %
Used retail vehicles	26.6 %	26.3 %
Used vehicle wholesale	3.6 %	3.6 %
Parts and service	11.4 %	11.5 %
Finance and insurance, net	3.9 %	3.9 %
Total revenue	100.0 %	100.0 %
<b>GROSS PROFIT MIX PERCENTAGES:</b>		
New vehicles	20.3 %	20.2 %
Used retail vehicles	13.7 %	14.3 %
Used vehicle wholesale	(0.1)%	(0.1)%
Parts and service	42.5 %	42.0 %
Finance and insurance, net	23.6 %	23.6 %
Total gross profit	100.0 %	100.0 %
<b>SG&amp;A EXPENSES AS A PERCENTAGE OF GROSS PROFIT</b>	<b>69.3 %</b>	<b>70.5 %</b>

Income from continuing operations increased by \$26.2 million (35%) during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The increase in income from continuing operations was primarily driven by a \$68.7 million (11%) increase in gross profit, which was partially offset by a \$39.7 million (9%) increase in SG&A expenses and a \$17.2 million (37%) increase in income tax expense. Net income increased by \$17.6 million (21%) during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Net income and income from continuing operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 were reduced by \$4.5 million, net of tax, due to real estate related charges. On a pre-tax basis, these charges totaled \$7.3 million and are included in Other Operating Expense, net. Net income for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 was positively impacted by the sale of one franchise (one dealership location), which resulted in an \$8.9 million net-of-tax gain, which is included in discontinued operations, net.

Gross profit increased across all four of our business lines and was driven by (i) a \$32.0 million (12%) increase in parts and service gross profit, (ii) a \$16.7 million (11%) increase in F&I gross profit and (iii) a \$14.1 million (11%) increase in new vehicle gross profit. Our total gross profit margin was 16.6% and 16.5% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The \$403.7 million (10%) increase in total revenue was primarily a result of (i) a \$210.9 million (10%) increase in new vehicle revenue and (ii) a \$135.7 million (11%) increase in used vehicle revenue.

### New Vehicle—

		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,			%
		2014	2013	Increase	Change
(Dollars in millions, except for per vehicle data)					
Revenue:					
New vehicle revenue—same store(1)					
Luxury	\$	873.4	\$ 783.5	\$ 89.9	11%
Mid-line import		1,119.5	1,079.8	39.7	4%
Mid-line domestic		337.2	304.6	32.6	11%
Total new vehicle revenue—same store(1)		2,330.1	2,167.9	162.2	7%
New vehicle revenue—acquisitions and new stores		48.7	—		
New vehicle revenue, as reported	\$	2,378.8	\$ 2,167.9	\$ 210.9	10%
Gross profit:					
New vehicle gross profit—same store(1)					
Luxury	\$	63.2	\$ 56.3	\$ 6.9	12%
Mid-line import		59.5	56.2	3.3	6%
Mid-line domestic		20.9	19.8	1.1	6%
Total new vehicle gross profit—same store(1)		143.6	132.3	11.3	9%
New vehicle gross profit—acquisitions and new stores		2.8	—		
New vehicle gross profit, as reported	\$	146.4	\$ 132.3	\$ 14.1	11%
		For the Nine Months Ended September 30,			%
		2014	2013	Increase	Change
New vehicle units:					
New vehicle retail units—same store(1)					
Luxury		17,143	15,633	1,510	10%
Mid-line import		42,168	40,401	1,767	4%
Mid-line domestic		8,692	8,415	277	3%
Total new vehicle retail units—same store(1)		68,003	64,449	3,554	6%
Fleet vehicles		1,535	924	611	66%
Total new vehicle units—same store(1)		69,538	65,373	4,165	6%
New vehicle units—acquisitions and new stores		1,809	—		
New vehicle units—actual		71,347	65,373	5,974	9%

### New Vehicle Metrics—

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,		Increase	% Change
	2014	2013		
Revenue per new vehicle sold—same store(1)	\$ 33,508	\$ 33,162	\$ 346	1%
Gross profit per new vehicle sold—same store(1)	\$ 2,065	\$ 2,024	\$ 41	2%
New vehicle gross margin—same store(1)	6.2%	6.1%	0.1%	2%

(1) Same store amounts consist of information from dealerships for the identical months of each period presented in the comparison, commencing with the first full month in which the dealership was owned by us.

The \$210.9 million (10%) increase in new vehicle revenue was primarily a result of a 6% increase in same store new vehicle unit sales, combined with a 1% increase in same store revenue per new vehicle sold and \$48.7 million derived from acquisitions. Same store unit volumes for our higher-priced luxury brands increased 10%, driving the overall 6% increase in same store new vehicle unit sales and reflecting (i) an increase in new and redesigned models offered by luxury manufacturers,

(ii) the continued availability of credit at terms favorable to our customers and (iii) an improvement in the availability of new vehicle inventory from which to choose. New vehicle SAAR increased by 6% to 16.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to 15.5 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

Total new vehicle gross profit increased by \$14.1 million (11%), largely driven by a \$6.9 million (12%) increase in gross profit from our luxury brands and a \$3.3 million (6%) increase in our mid-line import brands. In addition, our new vehicle gross profit also benefited from \$2.8 million derived from acquisitions. Our same store gross profit per new vehicle sold increased by \$41 (2%) overall, primarily driven by our luxury and mid-line import brands.

#### Used Vehicle—

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,			% Change
	2014	2013	Increase	
(Dollars in millions, except for per vehicle data)				
Revenue:				
Used vehicle retail revenues—same store(1)	\$ 1,129.1	\$ 1,040.7	\$ 88.4	8%
Used vehicle retail revenues—acquisitions and new stores	30.8	—		
Total used vehicle retail revenues	1,159.9	1,040.7	119.2	11%
Used vehicle wholesale revenues—same store(1)	156.3	142.8	13.5	9%
Used vehicle wholesale revenues—acquisitions and new stores	3.0	—		
Total used vehicle wholesale revenues	159.3	142.8	16.5	12%
Used vehicle revenue, as reported	\$ 1,319.2	\$ 1,183.5	\$ 135.7	11%
Gross profit:				
Used vehicle retail gross profit—same store(1)	\$ 97.1	\$ 93.6	\$ 3.5	4%
Used vehicle retail gross profit—acquisitions and new stores	2.4	—		
Total used vehicle retail gross profit	99.5	93.6	5.9	6%
Used vehicle wholesale gross profit—same store(1)	(0.7)	(0.9)	0.2	22%
Used vehicle wholesale gross profit—acquisitions and new stores	(0.2)	—		
Total used vehicle wholesale gross profit	(0.9)	(0.9)	—	—%
Used vehicle gross profit, as reported	\$ 98.6	\$ 92.7	\$ 5.9	6%
Used vehicle retail units:				
Used vehicle retail units—same store(1)	55,315	52,761	2,554	5%
Used vehicle retail units—acquisitions and new stores	1,653	—		
Used vehicle retail units—actual	56,968	52,761	4,207	8%

#### Used Vehicle Metrics—

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,		Increase (Decrease)	% Change
	2014	2013		
Revenue per used vehicle retailed—same store(1)	\$ 20,412	\$ 19,725	\$ 687	3 %
Gross profit per used vehicle retailed—same store(1)	\$ 1,755	\$ 1,774	\$ (19)	(1)%
Used vehicle retail gross margin—same store(1)	8.6%	9.0%	(0.4)%	(4)%

(1) Same store amounts consist of information from dealerships for the identical months of each period presented in the comparison, commencing with the first full month in which the dealership was owned by us.

The \$135.7 million (11%) increase in used vehicle revenue was primarily the result of a 5% increase in same store used vehicle retail unit sales and a 3% increase in same store revenue per used vehicle retailed, as well as \$30.8 million in used vehicle retail revenue derived from acquisitions and other new stores. Additionally, total Company used vehicle wholesale



revenue increased by \$16.5 million (12%). The 5% increase in same store used vehicle retail unit sales reflects increased consumer demand, the continued availability of credit at terms favorable to customers and the ongoing impact of our “Asbury 1-2-1” program.

The \$5.9 million (6%) increase in used vehicle retail gross profit was driven by an 8% increase in used vehicle retail units, partially offset by a 40 basis point decrease in our same store used vehicle retail gross margin. Our used vehicle retail margins for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 were negatively impacted by margin pressures created by the general increase in the supply of used vehicles as a result of customer trade-ins and vehicles coming off lease, as well as our focus on selling more used vehicles as retail units instead of wholesale units.

*Parts and Service—*

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,			%
	2014	2013	Increase	Change
	(Dollars in millions)			
Revenue:				
Parts and service revenue—same store(1)	\$ 489.2	\$ 455.5	\$ 33.7	7%
Parts and service revenues—acquisitions and new stores	6.7	—		
Parts and service revenue, as reported	<u>\$ 495.9</u>	<u>\$ 455.5</u>	\$ 40.4	9%
Gross profit:				
Parts and service gross profit—same store(1)				
Customer pay	\$ 171.7	\$ 161.4	\$ 10.3	6%
Reconditioning and preparation	74.9	63.9	11.0	17%
Warranty	40.5	34.9	5.6	16%
Wholesale parts	15.3	14.6	0.7	5%
Total parts and service gross profit—same store(1)	<u>302.4</u>	<u>274.8</u>	27.6	10%
Parts and service gross profit—acquisitions and new stores	4.4	—		
Parts and service gross profit, as reported	<u>\$ 306.8</u>	<u>\$ 274.8</u>	\$ 32.0	12%
Parts and service gross margin—same store(1)	61.8%	60.3%	1.5%	2%

(1) Same store amounts consist of information from dealerships for the identical months of each period presented in the comparison, commencing with the first full month in which the dealership was owned by us.

The \$40.4 million (9%) increase in parts and service revenue was primarily due to (i) a \$22.6 million (7%) increase in same store customer pay revenue, (ii) an \$8.3 million (12%) increase in same store warranty revenue and (iii) \$6.7 million derived from acquisitions and other new stores. The 150 basis point increase in our same store parts and service gross margin was primarily the result of increases in our higher margin parts and service businesses, including a 16% increase in gross profit from warranty work, a 17% increase in reconditioning and preparation gross profit and a 6% increase in our customer pay parts and service gross profit. The \$11.0 million increase in reconditioning and preparation gross profit was primarily driven by a 5% increase in our same store used vehicle retail unit sales and a 6% increase in our same store new vehicle unit sales for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. Gross profit associated with warranty work increased by 5.6 million (16%), partially due to certain manufacturer recalls that occurred during 2014, as well as increased units in operation.

### Finance and Insurance, net—

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2014	2013	Increase	% Change
(Dollars in millions, except for per vehicle data)				
Finance and insurance, net—same store(1)	\$ 164.6	\$ 154.1	\$ 10.5	7%
Finance and insurance, net—acquisitions and new stores	6.2	—		
Finance and insurance, net as reported	\$ 170.8	\$ 154.1	\$ 16.7	11%
Finance and insurance, net per vehicle sold—same store(1)	\$ 1,318	\$ 1,304	\$ 14	1%

(1) Same store amounts consist of information from dealerships for the identical months of each period presented in the comparison, commencing with the first full month in which the dealership was owned by us.

F&I increased by \$16.7 million (11%) during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2013, primarily due to (i) a 5% increase in same store retail unit sales and (ii) \$6.2 million derived from acquisitions and other new stores.

### Selling, General and Administrative Expense—

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,					% of Gross Profit (Decrease) Increase
	2014	% of Gross Profit	2013	% of Gross Profit	Increase (Decrease)	
	(Dollars in millions)					
Personnel costs	\$ 225.6	31.9%	\$ 212.3	32.5%	\$ 13.3	(0.6)%
Sales compensation	73.5	10.4%	71.1	10.9%	2.4	(0.5)%
Share-based compensation	6.7	0.9%	6.9	1.1%	(0.2)	(0.2)%
Outside services	51.5	7.3%	45.4	6.9%	6.1	0.4 %
Advertising	23.6	3.3%	23.8	3.6%	(0.2)	(0.3)%
Rent	23.1	3.3%	25.2	3.9%	(2.1)	(0.6)%
Utilities	11.7	1.7%	10.7	1.6%	1.0	0.1 %
Insurance	8.5	1.2%	7.6	1.2%	0.9	— %
Other	63.5	9.0%	57.8	8.8%	5.7	0.2 %
Selling, general and administrative expense—same store(1)	487.7	69.0%	460.8	70.5%	26.9	(1.5)%
Acquisitions and new stores	12.8		—			
Selling, general and administrative—actual	\$ 500.5	69.3%	\$ 460.8	70.5%	\$ 39.7	(1.2)%
Gross profit—same store(1)	\$ 707.0		\$ 653.9			
Gross profit—actual	\$ 722.6		\$ 653.9			

(1) Same store amounts consist of information from dealerships for the identical months of each period presented in the comparison, commencing with the first full month in which the dealership was owned by us.

Same store SG&A expense as a percentage of gross profit was 69.0% for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to 70.5% for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. The 150 basis point decrease was primarily attributable to a 60 basis points decrease in personnel costs, a 50 basis point decrease in sales compensation, and a 60 basis point decrease in rent expense primarily as a result of our purchase of certain previously leased real estate during 2013.

### Depreciation and Amortization Expense —

The \$1.4 million (8%) increase in depreciation and amortization expense during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 when compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2013 was primarily the result of (i) recent purchases of certain

previously leased real estate, (ii) additional fixed assets acquired in acquisitions, and (iii) the completion of certain construction projects that resulted in newly depreciable assets placed into service during the past year.

#### *Other Operating Expense, net —*

Other operating expense, net includes gains and losses from the sale of property and equipment, income derived from lease arrangements and other non-core operating items. During the nine months ended September 30, 2013, we recognized (i) \$5.5 million of lease termination charges as a result of our purchase of certain previously leased real estate and (ii) \$1.8 million of charges related to property and equipment disposals.

#### *Swap Interest Expense —*

The pre-tax impact on earnings related to our various derivative financial instruments during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 was \$1.5 million and \$2.2 million, respectively. The \$0.7 million decrease in swap interest expense during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 when compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2013 is primarily the result of a \$2.0 million decrease in amortization expense of a previously terminated swap, partially offset by approximately \$1.3 million of additional swap expense as a result of an interest rate swap entered into during the fourth quarter of 2013.

#### *Income Tax Expense —*

The \$17.2 million (37%) increase in income tax expense was primarily a result of the \$43.4 million (36%) increase in income before income taxes during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 when compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Our effective tax rate increased from 38.5% for the 2013 period to 38.8% in the 2014 period.

#### *Discontinued Operations —*

The \$0.3 million, net of tax, net loss from discontinued operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 consists of rent and other expenses of idle facilities partially offset by \$0.2 million in insurance proceeds.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2013, we sold one franchise (one dealership location) that was classified as discontinued operations. The \$8.3 million, net of tax, net gain from discontinued operations includes an \$8.9 million, net of tax, gain on the sale of one franchise (one dealership location), which was partially offset by \$0.6 million, net of tax, of net operating losses of franchises sold prior to September 30, 2014, including rent and other expenses of idle facilities.

## **LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES**

As of September 30, 2014, we had total available liquidity of \$376.6 million, which consisted of cash and cash equivalents of \$11.1 million, \$122.0 million of availability under our floor plan offset account, and borrowing availability of \$164.3 million and \$79.2 million under our revolving credit facility and our used vehicle revolving floor plan facility, respectively. The total borrowing capacity under our revolving credit facilities is limited by borrowing base calculations and, from time to time, may be further limited by our required compliance with certain financial covenants. As of September 30, 2014, these financial covenants did not further limit our availability under our credit facilities. For more information on our financial covenants, see “Covenants” below.

We continually evaluate our liquidity and capital resources based upon (i) our cash and cash equivalents on hand, (ii) the funds that we expect to generate through future operations, (iii) current and expected borrowing availability under our revolving credit facilities, our floor plan facilities and our mortgage financings, (iv) amounts in our new vehicle floor plan notes payable offset account and (v) the potential impact of our capital allocation strategy and any contemplated or pending future transactions, including, but not limited to, financings, acquisitions, dispositions, equity and/or debt repurchases or other capital expenditures. We believe we will have sufficient liquidity to meet our debt service and working capital requirements; commitments and contingencies; debt repayment, maturity and repurchase obligations; acquisitions; capital expenditures; and any operating requirements for at least the next twelve months.

We currently have the following material credit facilities, floor plan facilities, real estate credit agreement, mortgage notes and senior subordinated notes. For a more detailed description of the material terms of our senior secured credit facilities, real estate credit agreement, mortgage notes and senior subordinated notes, refer to the “Floor Plan Notes Payable”, “Long-Term Debt” and “Subsequent Events” footnotes included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q and our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2013 (the “2013 Form 10-K”).

- **Revolving credit facility** — a \$175.0 million senior secured revolving credit facility for, among other things, acquisitions, working capital and capital expenditures, including a \$50.0 million sublimit for letters of credit. Our borrowing capacity under the revolving credit facility is limited by a borrowing base calculation and any outstanding letters of credit. As of September 30, 2014, we had \$10.7 million in outstanding letters of credit, resulting in \$164.3 million of borrowing availability under our revolving credit facility. There were no amounts drawn under our revolving credit facility as of September 30, 2014.
- **New inventory floor plan facilities** — an \$825.0 million senior secured new vehicle revolving floor plan facility. In connection with the new vehicle floor plan facility, we established an account with Bank of America, N.A. (“Bank of America”) that allows us to transfer cash to an account as an offset to floor plan notes payable (a “floor plan offset account”). These transfers reduce the amount of outstanding new vehicle floor plan notes payable that would otherwise accrue interest, while retaining the ability to transfer amounts from the offset account into our operating cash accounts within one to two days. As a result of the use of our floor plan offset account, we experience a reduction in floor plan interest expense on our Condensed Consolidated Statements of Income. As of September 30, 2014, we had \$122.0 million in this floor plan offset account. As of September 30, 2014, we also had a floor plan facility with Ford to purchase new Ford and Lincoln vehicle inventory, as well as facilities with certain other manufacturers for loaner vehicles. Neither our floor plan facility with Ford nor our facilities for loaner vehicles have stated borrowing limitations. As of September 30, 2014, we had \$485.8 million, net, outstanding under our senior secured new vehicle revolving floor plan facility and \$71.3 million outstanding under our floor plan facility with Ford. Subsequent to September 30, 2014, our floor plan facility with Ford terminated in accordance with its terms on the maturity date thereof. At that time, all amounts outstanding thereunder were repaid with an equivalent amount of additional borrowings under our senior secured new vehicle revolving floor plan facility.
- **Used vehicle floor plan facility** — a \$100.0 million senior secured used vehicle revolving floor plan facility to finance the acquisition of used vehicle inventory and for, among other things, other working capital and capital expenditures, as well as to refinance used vehicles. Our borrowing capacity under the used vehicle floor plan facility is limited by a borrowing base calculation. As of September 30, 2014, we had \$2.0 million outstanding under our used vehicle revolving floor plan facility, which was drawn for general corporate purposes, and \$79.2 million of remaining borrowing availability under our used vehicle revolving floor plan facility.
- **Real estate credit agreement** — a real estate term loan credit agreement with an initial principal value of \$75.0 million collateralized by first priority liens, subject to certain permitted exceptions, on all of the real property financed thereunder. As of September 30, 2014, we had \$72.4 million of outstanding principal under the real estate credit agreement.
- **Mortgage notes** — as of September 30, 2014, we had \$221.2 million of mortgage note obligations (excluding amounts outstanding under our real estate credit agreement). These obligations are collateralized by the related real estate at our applicable owned dealership locations.
- **8.375% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2020 (“8.375% Notes”)** — as of September 30, 2014, we had \$300.0 million in aggregate principal amount of our 8.375% Notes outstanding. We are required to pay interest on the 8.375% Notes on May 15 and November 15 of each year until their maturity on November 15, 2020.

Under the terms of the senior secured credit facilities and certain mortgage notes payable, our ability to incur new indebtedness is currently limited to (i) permitted floor plan indebtedness, (ii) certain refinancings, refunds, renewals or extensions of existing indebtedness, and (iii) other customary permitted indebtedness.

#### *Mortgage Financing*

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, we entered into seven fixed rate mortgage notes payable with one of our manufacturer's captive finance companies which are collateralized by the related real estate at three of our owned dealership locations. The initial principal amount of the mortgage notes payable was \$59.8 million. In connection with our entrance into these mortgage notes payable, we paid approximately \$0.7 million in debt issuance costs, which were capitalized and are being amortized to Other Interest Expense over the terms of the related mortgage notes payable.

#### *Covenants*

We are subject to a number of covenants in our various debt and lease agreements. We were in compliance with all of our covenants as of September 30, 2014.

### *Subordinated Note Repurchases*

Our board of directors has authorized us, from time to time, to repurchase various of our 8.375% Notes in open market purchases or privately negotiated transactions. The decision to repurchase our 8.375% Notes is dependent upon prevailing market conditions, our liquidity position, applicable limitations in any agreements to which we are a party, and other factors. Currently, the credit agreement governing our senior secured credit facilities allows us to purchase at least \$50.0 million of our debt securities per calendar year, subject to increase based on availability under our senior secured credit facilities. During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, we did not repurchase any of our 8.375% Notes.

### *Share Repurchases*

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, we repurchased a total of 573,311 and 1,076,559 shares, respectively, of our common stock under our authorized repurchase program for a total of \$39.8 million and \$69.2 million. As of September 30, 2014, we had remaining authorization to repurchase \$63.7 million in shares of our common stock. In October 2014, our Board of Directors approved an increase of our then-existing repurchase authorization to a new total of \$200.0 million as of October 15, 2014. Our board-approved authority to repurchase common stock has no stated expiration date and any associated repurchases may be completed in open market, or privately negotiated, transactions from time to time. Any repurchases will be subject to applicable limitations in our debt or other financing agreements as may be in existence from time to time.

During the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014, we also repurchased 1,254 and 123,774 shares, respectively of our common stock for \$0.1 million and \$6.3 million from employees in connection with a net share settlement feature of employee equity-based awards.

## **Cash Flows**

### *Classification of Cash Flows Associated with Floor Plan Notes Payable*

Borrowings and repayments of floor plan notes payable to a lender unaffiliated with the manufacturer from which we purchase a particular new vehicle (“Non-Trade”), and all floor plan notes payable relating to used vehicles (together referred to as “Floor Plan Notes Payable - Non-Trade”), are classified as financing activities on the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows, with borrowings reflected separately from repayments. The net change in floor plan notes payable to a lender affiliated with the manufacturer from which we purchase a particular new vehicle (collectively referred to as “Floor Plan Notes Payable - Trade”) is classified as an operating activity on the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows. Borrowings of floor plan notes payable associated with inventory acquired in connection with all acquisitions are classified as a financing activity in the accompanying Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows. Cash flows related to floor plan notes payable included in operating activities differ from cash flows related to floor plan notes payable included in financing activities only to the extent that the former are payable to a lender affiliated with the manufacturer from which we purchased the related inventory, while the latter are payable to a lender not affiliated with the manufacturer from which we purchased the related inventory. Repayments of Floor Plan Notes Payable - Trade associated with divestitures are classified as an operating activity. Repayments of Floor Plan Notes Payable - Non-Trade associated with divestitures are classified as a financing activity.

Floor plan borrowings are required by all vehicle manufacturers for the purchase of new vehicles, and all floor plan lenders require amounts borrowed for the purchase of a vehicle to be repaid within a short time period after the related vehicle is sold. As a result, we believe that it is important to understand the relationship between the cash flows of all of our floor plan notes payable and new vehicle inventory in order to understand our working capital and operating cash flow and to be able to compare our operating cash flow to that of our competitors (i.e., if our competitors have a different mix of trade and non-trade floor plan financing as compared to us). In addition, we include all floor plan borrowings and repayments in our internal operating cash flow forecasts. As a result, we use the non-GAAP measure “cash provided by (used in) operating activities, as adjusted” (defined below) to compare our results to forecasts. We believe that splitting the cash flows of floor plan notes payable between operating activities and financing activities, while all new vehicle inventory activity is included in operating activities, results in significantly different operating cash flow than if all the cash flows of floor plan notes payable were classified together in operating activities.

Cash provided by operating activities, as adjusted, includes borrowings and repayments of floor plan notes payable to lenders not affiliated with the manufacturer from which we purchase the related vehicle. Cash provided by operating activities, as adjusted, has material limitations, and therefore, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures of other companies and should not be considered in isolation, or as a substitute for analysis of our operating results in accordance with GAAP. In order to compensate for these potential limitations we also review the related GAAP measures.

We have provided below a reconciliation of cash flow from operating activities, as if all changes in floor plan notes payable, except for (i) borrowings associated with acquisitions and repayments associated with divestitures and (ii) borrowings and repayments associated with the purchase of used vehicle inventory, were classified as an operating activity.

	For the Nine Months Ended September 30,	
	2014	2013
	(In millions)	
<i>Reconciliation of Cash provided by operating activities to Cash provided by operating activities, as adjusted</i>		
Cash provided by operating activities, as reported	\$ 158.6	\$ 75.0
New vehicle floor plan repayments - non-trade, net	(55.5)	(6.2)
Cash provided by operating activities, as adjusted	\$ 103.1	\$ 68.8

#### *Operating Activities—*

Net cash provided by operating activities totaled \$158.6 million and \$75.0 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Net cash provided by operating activities, as adjusted, totaled \$103.1 million and \$68.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Net cash provided by operating activities, as adjusted, includes net income, adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash used in operating activities and changes in working capital, including changes in floor plan notes payable and inventory.

The \$34.3 million increase in our net cash provided by operating activities, as adjusted, for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2013 was primarily the result of the following:

- \$14.9 million related to a decrease in inventory, net of floor plan notes payable, primarily as a result of a \$54.5 million increase in our floor plan offset account during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 when compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2013;
- the \$15.6 million increase in net income adjusted for non-cash items; and
- \$13.6 million related to a net increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses.

The increase in our cash provided by operating activities, as adjusted, was partially offset by a \$9.6 million decrease related to sales volume and the timing of collection of accounts receivable and contracts-in-transit during the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

#### *Investing Activities—*

Net cash used in investing activities totaled \$83.0 million and \$101.7 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Cash flows from investing activities relate primarily to capital expenditures, acquisition and divestiture activity and sales of property and equipment.

Capital expenditures, excluding acquisitions, the purchase of real estate, lease buyouts and capitalized interest, were \$43.9 million and \$29.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, we acquired one franchise in Greenville, South Carolina and one dealership in Orlando, Florida for an aggregate purchase price of \$21.9 million. In addition, we purchased two previously leased facilities for an aggregate \$5.0 million and three separate real estate properties for an aggregate \$11.5 million.

Proceeds from the sale of assets totaled \$33.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013. Included in proceeds from the sale of assets was \$7.5 million associated with the sale of inventory in connection with the sale of one franchise (one dealership location).

We expect that capital expenditures during 2014 will include approximately \$55.0 million to upgrade our existing facilities, expand our service capacity and invest in technology and equipment. In addition to investing in our core business, we anticipate additional capital investment in our recently announced plans to open three stand-alone used vehicle stores branded as “*Q auto*” which could total as much as \$25.0 million during 2014. Capital investment in *Q auto* in 2014 will include construction of store

locations we have opened or intend to open during 2014 and may include the acquisition of land and building assets for future *Q auto* stores.

As part of our capital allocation strategy, we continuously evaluate opportunities to purchase properties currently under lease. No assurances can be provided that we will have or be able to access capital at times or on terms in amounts deemed necessary to execute this strategy.

#### *Financing Activities—*

Net cash used in financing activities totaled \$69.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. Net cash provided by financing activities totaled \$21.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, we had non-trade floor plan borrowings of \$2.56 billion and \$2.34 billion, respectively. In addition, during nine months ended September 30, 2014 we had non-trade floor plan borrowings of \$6.5 million related to our acquisitions of one franchise and one dealership. The majority of our floor plan notes are payable to parties unaffiliated with the entities from which we purchase our new vehicle inventory, with the exception of floor plan notes payable relating to the financing of new Ford and Lincoln vehicles.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, we made non-trade floor plan repayments of \$2.62 billion and \$2.35 billion, respectively. Included in the \$2.62 billion and \$2.35 billion of non-trade floor plan repayments was a \$77.7 million and a \$23.2 million increase in our floor plan offset account, respectively.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2013 we made non-trade floor plan repayments of \$5.4 million related to the divestiture of one franchise (one dealership location).

Proceeds from borrowings totaled \$59.8 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014. During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, we entered into seven fixed rate mortgage notes payable which were collateralized by the related real estate at seven of our owned dealership locations. The total initial principal amount of the mortgage notes payable was \$59.8 million. We paid a total of \$0.7 million in debt issuance costs associated with these borrowings.

Proceeds from borrowings totaled \$200.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 and consisted of (i) \$109.7 million of gross proceeds associated with our previously disclosed June 2013 Offering (prior to deducting the initial purchasers' discounts and expenses), (ii) \$57.3 million under our real estate credit agreement and (iii) three fixed rate mortgage notes payable with an aggregate initial principal amount of \$33.9 million. We paid a total of \$6.0 million in debt issuance costs associated with these borrowings and our previously disclosed Credit Agreement.

Repayments of borrowings totaled \$7.9 million and \$150.4 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Included in repayments for the nine months ended September 30, 2013 is \$143.2 million related to the previously disclosed redemption of our outstanding 7.625% Notes, which were redeemed in September 2013.

During the nine months ended September 30, 2014, we repurchased a total of 1,076,559 shares of our common stock under our authorized repurchase program for a total of \$69.2 million and 123,774 shares of our common stock for \$6.3 million from employees in connection with a net share settlement feature of employee equity-based awards.

#### **Stock Repurchase and Dividend Restrictions**

In July 2014, our Board of Directors approved an increase in our then-existing stock repurchase authorization to provide for repurchases of up to a total of \$100.0 million of the Company's common stock. As of September 30, 2014, we had remaining authorization to repurchase \$63.7 million in shares of our common stock. In October 2014, our Board of Directors approved an additional increase in our stock repurchase authorization, bringing our ability to repurchase common stock up to a total of \$200.0 million as of October 15, 2014. Our board-approved authority to repurchase common stock has no stated expiration date and any associated repurchases may be completed in open market, or privately negotiated, transactions from time to time. Any repurchases will be subject to applicable limitations in our debt or other financing agreements as may be in existence from time to time.

Pursuant to the indenture governing our 8.375% Notes (the "Indenture") and the agreements governing our senior secured credit facilities (the "Credit Agreement"), our ability to repurchase shares of our common stock and pay cash dividends is limited by our required compliance with certain financial covenants and restrictions. As of September 30, 2014, the financial covenants and restrictions contained in the Credit Agreement were more restrictive than those contained in the Indenture, and limited our ability to repurchase shares of our common stock and pay cash dividends to a total of \$92.8 million.



In October 2014, we amended the Credit Agreement, effectively increasing our ability to repurchase shares of our common stock and pay cash dividends by approximately \$83.6 million as of the amendment date. After giving effect to the amendment, our calculated ability to repurchase shares of our common stock and pay cash dividends as of September 30, 2014 would have been \$176.4 million.

Under the Indenture, as of September 30, 2014, our capacity to repurchase our common stock remains at \$116.5 million. Accordingly, the limitations contained in the Indenture are now the most restrictive. The limitations under the Credit Agreement and Indenture are subject to a number of adjustments which generally provide for an increase in our stock repurchase capacity of 50% of our net income (as defined in the Credit Agreement and Indenture) per quarter (in the case of the Indenture, reductions for net losses) and a decrease by the amount of share repurchases made and dividends paid on a quarterly basis. These limitations also are subject to a number of other adjustments as set forth in the Credit Agreement and the Indenture, each of which we filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

## **Off Balance Sheet Arrangements**

We had no off balance sheet arrangements during any of the periods presented other than those disclosed in Note 10 of our accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements.

## **Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk**

### **Interest Rate Risk**

We are exposed to market risk from changes in interest rates on a significant portion of our outstanding indebtedness. Based on \$557.1 million of total variable interest rate debt (including floor plan notes payable) outstanding as of September 30, 2014, a 1% change in interest rates could result in a change of as much as \$5.6 million to our annual floor plan interest expense.

We received \$19.8 million of floor plan assistance from certain automobile manufacturers during nine months ended September 30, 2014. Floor plan assistance reduced cost of sales (including amounts classified as discontinued operations) for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 by \$20.5 million and reduced new vehicle inventory by \$5.5 million and \$6.2 million as of September 30, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively. Although we can provide no assurance as to the amount of future floor plan assistance, it is our expectation, based on historical data that an increase in prevailing interest rates would result in increased floor plan assistance from certain automobile manufacturers.

### **Hedging Risk**

In November 2013, we entered into an interest rate swap agreement with a notional principal amount of \$75.0 million. This swap was designed to provide a hedge against changes in variable rate cash flows through maturity in September 2023. The notional value of this swap was \$72.4 million as of September 30, 2014 and is reducing over its remaining term to \$38.7 million at maturity. This interest rate swap qualifies for cash flow hedge accounting treatment and does not, and will not, contain any ineffectiveness.

We are also party to an interest rate swap agreement which had a notional principal amount of \$17.5 million as of September 30, 2014. This swap was designed to provide a hedge against changes in variable interest rate cash flows through maturity in October 2015. The notional value of this swap is reducing over the remaining term to \$16.1 million at maturity. This interest rate swap qualifies for cash flow hedge accounting treatment and does not, and will not, contain any ineffectiveness.

For additional information about the effect of our derivative instruments on the accompanying condensed consolidated financial statements, see Note 7 “Financial Instruments and Fair Value” of the notes thereto.

## **Item 4. Controls and Procedures**

### **Disclosure Controls and Procedures**

As of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company conducted an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company’s principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company’s disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rule 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the “Exchange Act”). Based on this evaluation, the Company’s principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that as of the end of such period such disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Company in reports it files or submits under the Exchange Act is (i) recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time period specified in the rules and forms of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission and (ii) accumulated and communicated to our management, including our principal executive



officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding disclosure. Management necessarily applies its judgment in assessing the costs and benefits of such controls and procedures, which, by their nature, can provide only reasonable assurance regarding management's control objectives. The Company's management, including the principal executive officer and the principal financial officer, does not expect that our disclosure controls and procedures can prevent all possible errors or fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that objectives of the control system are met. There are inherent limitations in all control systems, including the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple errors or mistakes. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the intentional acts of one or more persons. The design of any system of controls is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and while our disclosure controls and procedures are designed to be effective under circumstances where they should reasonably be expected to operate effectively, there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Because of the inherent limitations in any control system, misstatements due to possible errors or fraud may occur and not be detected.

### **Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

There were no changes in the Company's internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended September 30, 2014 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

## **PART II**

### **Item 1. Legal Proceedings.**

From time to time, we are and may become involved in various claims relating to, and arising out of our business and our operations. These claims may involve, but are not limited to, financial and other audits by vehicle manufacturers, lenders and certain federal, state and local government authorities, which relate primarily to (a) allegations of violations of manufacturer agreements or policies, (b) compliance with lender rules and covenants and (c) payments made to government authorities relating to federal, state and local taxes, as well as compliance with other government regulations. Claims may also arise through litigation, government proceedings and other dispute resolution processes. Such claims, including class actions, can relate to, but are not limited to, the practice of charging administrative fees, employment-related matters, truth-in-lending practices, contractual disputes, actions brought by governmental authorities and other matters. We evaluate pending and threatened claims and establish loss contingency reserves based upon outcomes we currently believe to be probable and reasonably estimable.

We currently do not anticipate that any known claim will materially adversely affect our financial condition, liquidity or results of operations. However, the outcome of any matter cannot be predicted with certainty, and an unfavorable resolution of one or more matters presently known or arising in the future could have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, liquidity or results of operations.

### **Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds**

In July 2014, our Board of Directors approved an increase in our then-existing stock repurchase authorization to provide for repurchases of up to a total of \$100.0 million of the Company's common stock. During the three months ended September 30, 2014 we repurchased a total of 573,311 shares of our common stock under our authorized repurchase program for a total of \$39.8 million. As of September 30, 2014, we had remaining authorization to repurchase \$63.7 million in shares of our common stock. In October 2014, our Board of Directors approved an additional increase in our stock repurchase authorization, bringing our ability to repurchase common stock up to a total of \$200.0 million as of October 15, 2014. Our board-approved authority to repurchase common stock has no stated expiration date and any associated repurchases may be completed in open market, or privately negotiated, transactions from time to time. Any repurchases will be subject to applicable limitations in our debt or other financing agreements as may be in existence from time to time.

<b>Period</b>	<b>Total Number of Shares Purchased</b>	<b>Average Price Paid per Share</b>	<b>Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs</b>	<b>Approximate Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet be Purchased Under the Plans or Program (in millions)</b>
07/01/2014 - 07/31/2014	142,000	\$ 70.77	142,000	\$ 93.4
08/01/2014 - 08/31/2014	297,000	\$ 68.92	297,000	\$ 72.9
09/01/2014 - 09/30/2014	134,311	\$ 69.09	134,311	\$ 63.7

Pursuant to the Indenture and the Credit Agreement, our ability to repurchase shares of our common stock and pay cash dividends is limited by our required compliance with certain financial covenants and restrictions. As of September 30, 2014, the financial covenants and restrictions contained in the Credit Agreement were more restrictive than those contained in the Indenture, and limited our ability to repurchase shares of our common stock and pay cash dividends to a total of \$92.8 million.

In October 2014, we amended the Credit Agreement, effectively increasing our ability to repurchase shares of our common stock and pay cash dividends by approximately \$83.6 million as of the amendment date. After giving effect to the amendment, our calculated ability to repurchase shares of our common stock and pay cash dividends as of September 30, 2014 would have been \$176.4 million.

Under the Indenture, as of September 30, 2014, our capacity to repurchase our common stock remains at \$116.5 million. Accordingly, the limitations contained in the Indenture are now the most restrictive. The limitations under the Credit Agreement and Indenture are subject to a number of adjustments which generally provide for an increase in our stock repurchase capacity of 50% of our net income (as defined in the Credit Agreement and Indenture) per quarter (in the case of the Indenture, reductions for net losses) and a decrease by the amount of share repurchases made and dividends paid on a quarterly basis. These limitations also are subject to a number of other adjustments as set forth in the Credit Agreement and the Indenture, each of which we filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

#### **Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures**

Not applicable.

**Item 6. Exhibits**

<b><u>Exhibit Number</u></b>	<b><u>Description of Documents</u></b>
4.1	Sixth Supplemental Indenture, dated as of July 23, 2014, by and among the Company, each of the guarantors signatory thereto and The Bank of New York Mellon, as Trustee
10.1	Amendment No. 2 to Credit Agreement dated as of October 16, 2014, by and among Asbury Automotive Group, Inc., as Borrower, certain of its subsidiaries, as Vehicle Borrowers, Bank of America, N.A., as Administrative Agent, Revolving Swing Line Lender, New Vehicle Floorplan Swing Line Lender, Used Vehicle Floorplan Swing Line Lender and an L/C Issuer, and the other lenders party thereto.
31.1	Certificate of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certificate of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certificate of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.2	Certificate of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document
101.CAL	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document
101.DEF	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document
101.LAB	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document
101.PRE	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

**Asbury Automotive Group, Inc.**

Date: October 22, 2014

By: /s/ Craig T. Monaghan  
Name: Craig T. Monaghan  
Title: Chief Executive Officer and President

**Asbury Automotive Group, Inc.**

Date: October 22, 2014

By: /s/ Keith R. Style  
**Name:** Keith R. Style  
**Title:** Senior Vice President and Chief Financial Officer

**INDEX TO EXHIBITS**

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SIXTH SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE (this “Supplemental Indenture”), dated as of July 23, 2014, by and among Q AUTOMOTIVE GROUP L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company, Q AUTOMOTIVE BRANDON FL, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company, and Q AUTOMOTIVE JACKSONVILLE FL, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company (collectively, the “Guaranteeing Subsidiaries”), each such Guaranteeing Subsidiary being a subsidiary of Asbury Automotive Group, Inc. (or its permitted successor), a Delaware corporation (the “Company”), the Company and The Bank of New York Mellon, as trustee under the Indenture referred to below (the “Trustee”).

W I T N E S S E T H

WHEREAS, the Company has heretofore executed and delivered to the Trustee an indenture, dated as of November 16, 2010, as amended, supplemented and otherwise modified by from time to time (the “Indenture”), providing for the issuance of its 8.375% Senior Subordinated Notes due 2020 (the “Notes”);

WHEREAS, the Indenture provides that under certain circumstances the Guaranteeing Subsidiaries shall execute and deliver to the Trustee a supplemental indenture pursuant to which the Guaranteeing Subsidiaries shall unconditionally guarantee all of the Company’s Obligations under the Notes and the Indenture on the terms and conditions set forth herein (the “Subsidiary Guarantee”); and

WHEREAS, pursuant to Section 9.01 of the Indenture, the Trustee is authorized to execute and deliver this Supplemental Indenture.

NOW THEREFORE, in consideration of the foregoing and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, the Guaranteeing Subsidiaries and the Trustee mutually covenant and agree for the equal and ratable benefit of the Holders of the Notes as follows:

1. CAPITALIZED TERMS. Capitalized terms used herein without definition shall have the meanings assigned to them in the Indenture.
2. AGREEMENT TO GUARANTEE. The Guaranteeing Subsidiaries hereby agree, jointly and severally along with all Guarantors named in the Indenture, to guarantee the Company’s obligations under the Notes on the terms and subject to the conditions set forth in Article 11 of the Indenture and to be bound by all other applicable provisions of the Indenture and the Notes.
3. RATIFICATION OF INDENTURE; SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE PART OF INDENTURE. Except as expressly amended hereby, the Indenture is in all respects ratified and confirmed and all the terms, conditions and provisions thereof remain in full force and effect. This Supplemental Indenture shall form a part of the Indenture for all purposes, and every Holder heretofore or hereafter authenticated and delivered shall be bound hereby.
4. NEW YORK LAW TO GOVERN. THE LAW OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK SHALL GOVERN AND BE USED TO CONSTRUCT THIS SUPPLEMENTAL INDENTURE.
5. COUNTERPARTS. The parties may sign any number of copies of this Supplemental Indenture. Each signed copy shall be an original, but all of them together shall represent the same agreement.
6. EFFECT OF HEADINGS. The Section headings herein are for convenience only and shall not affect the construction hereof.
7. THE TRUSTEE. The Trustee shall not be responsible in any manner whatsoever for or in respect of the validity or sufficiency of this Supplemental Indenture or for or in respect of the recitals contained herein, all of which recitals are made solely by the Guaranteeing Subsidiaries and the Company.

*[Remainder of Page Intentionally Left Blank]*

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Supplemental Indenture to be duly executed, all as of the date first above written.

SIGNATURES

Dated as of July 23, 2014

ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE GROUP, INC.

By: /s/ Keith Style

---

Name: Keith Style  
Title: Senior Vice President and  
Chief Financial Officer

Q AUTOMOTIVE GROUP L.L.C.

By: /s/ Keith Style

---

Name: Keith Style  
Title: Authorized Officer

Q AUTOMOTIVE BRANDON FL, LLC

By: Q Automotive Group L.L.C.  
Its: Sole Member

By: /s/ Keith Style

---

Name: Keith Style  
Title: Authorized Officer

Q AUTOMOTIVE JACKSONVILLE FL, LLC

By: Q Automotive Group L.L.C.  
Its: Sole Member

By: /s/ Keith Style

---

Name: Keith Style  
Title: Authorized Officer

*Signature Page to Sixth Supplemental Indenture*

THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON, as Trustee

By: /s/ Francine J. Kincaid

Name: Francine J Kincaid

Title: Vice President

*Signature Page to Sixth Supplemental Indenture*



## AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO CREDIT AGREEMENT

This **AMENDMENT NO. 2 TO CREDIT AGREEMENT** (this “**Agreement**”) dated as of October 16, 2014 is made by and among ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE GROUP, INC., a Delaware corporation (the “**Company**” and a “**Borrower**”), the New Vehicle Borrowers, the Used Vehicle Borrowers, BANK OF AMERICA, N.A., in its capacity as administrative agent for the Lenders (as defined in the Credit Agreement referred to below) (in such capacity, the “**Administrative Agent**”), and as Revolving Swing Line Lender, New Vehicle Floorplan Swing Line Lender, Used Vehicle Floorplan Swing Line Lender and an L/C Issuer, each of the Lenders under such Credit Agreement signatory hereto, and each of the other Loan Parties (as defined in the Credit Agreement) signatory hereto.

### WITNESSETH:

**WHEREAS**, the Company, the New Vehicle Borrowers, the Used Vehicle Borrowers, Bank of America, N.A., as Administrative Agent, Revolving Swing Line Lender, New Vehicle Floorplan Swing Line Lender, Used Vehicle Floorplan Swing Line Lender and an L/C Issuer, and the Lenders have entered into that certain Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of August 8, 2013, as amended by that certain Amendment No. 1 to Credit Agreement dated as of June 27, 2014 (as hereby amended and as from time to time further amended, modified, supplemented, restated, or amended and restated, the “**Credit Agreement**”; capitalized terms used in this Agreement not otherwise defined herein shall have the respective meanings given thereto in the Credit Agreement), pursuant to which the Lenders have made available to the Borrowers a revolving credit facility, including a letter of credit facility and a swing line facility, a new vehicle floorplan facility and a used vehicle floorplan facility; and

**WHEREAS**, the Company has entered into the Company Guaranty pursuant to which it has guaranteed the payment and performance of the obligations of each Borrower under the Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents; and

**WHEREAS**, each of the Subsidiary Guarantors has entered into a Subsidiary Guaranty pursuant to which it has guaranteed the payment and performance of certain or all of the obligations of the Borrowers under the Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents, and the Borrowers and the Subsidiary Guarantors have entered into various Security Instruments to secure their respective obligations and liabilities in respect the Loan Documents; and

**WHEREAS**, the Borrower has advised the Administrative Agent and the Lenders that the Borrowers desire to amend certain provisions of the Credit Agreement, as set forth below, and the Administrative Agent and the Lenders signatory hereto are willing to agree to such amendments on the terms and conditions contained in this Agreement;

**NOW, THEREFORE**, in consideration of the premises and further valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto agree as follows:

1. Amendments to Credit Agreement. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein, the Credit Agreement is hereby amended as follows:

(a) The following definition is hereby added to Section 1.01 of the Credit Agreement in the appropriate alphabetical order therein

“Amendment No 2. Effectiveness Date” means October 16, 2014.

(b) Section 7.10(a)(i) of the Credit Agreement is hereby amended, so that, as amended, such section shall read as follows:

(i) the Company may declare and pay cash dividends on its capital stock and may purchase shares of its capital stock; provided that, at the time of any such cash dividend payment or share purchase (and after giving effect to such cash dividend payment or share purchase), the aggregate amount payable or paid in respect of all cash dividends by the Company or shares purchased by the Company (other than shares purchased pursuant to clause (ii) below) on and after the Amendment No 2. Effectiveness Date shall not exceed the sum of (x) \$200,000,000 plus (or minus if negative) (y) one-half (1/2) of the aggregate Consolidated Net Income of the Company for the period (taken as one accounting period) beginning on July 1, 2014 up to the end of the Company’s most recent fiscal quarter for which internal financial statements have been delivered to the Administrative Agent plus (z) 100% of the aggregate net cash proceeds received by the Company after July 1, 2014 as a contribution to its common equity capital or from the issue or sale of Equity Interests of the Company or from the issue or sale of convertible or exchangeable preferred stock or convertible or exchangeable debt securities of the Company that have been converted into or exchanged for such Equity Interests (other than Equity Interests, preferred stock or debt securities sold to a Subsidiary of the Company and other than any contribution by a Subsidiary);

2. Conditions Precedent. The effectiveness of this Agreement and the effectiveness of the amendments and waivers to the Credit Agreement provided herein are subject to the Administrative Agent's receipt of counterparts of this Agreement, duly executed by the Company, each other Borrower, each Subsidiary Guarantor, and such Lenders as are necessary to constitute the Required Lenders.

3. Consent of the Subsidiary Guarantors. Each Subsidiary Guarantor hereby consents, acknowledges and agrees to the amendments and waivers set forth herein and hereby confirms and ratifies in all respects the Subsidiary Guaranty to which such Subsidiary Guarantor is a party (including without limitation the continuation of such Subsidiary Guarantor's payment and performance obligations thereunder upon and after the effectiveness of this Agreement and the amendments and waivers contemplated hereby) and the enforceability of such Subsidiary Guaranty against such Subsidiary Guarantor in accordance with its terms.

4. Representations and Warranties. In order to induce the Lenders party hereto to enter into this Agreement, each Loan Party represents and warrants to the Administrative Agent and the Lenders as follows:

(a) The representations and warranties made by or with respect to each Loan Party in Article V of the Credit Agreement and in each of the other Loan Documents to which such Loan Party is a party are true and correct on and as of the date hereof, except to the extent that such representations and warranties expressly relate to an earlier date in which case they are true and correct as of such earlier date;

(b) The Persons appearing as Subsidiary Guarantors on the signature pages to this Agreement constitute all Persons who are required to be Subsidiary Guarantors pursuant to the terms of the Credit Agreement and the other Loan Documents, including without limitation all Persons who became Subsidiaries or were otherwise required to become Subsidiary Guarantors after the Closing Date, and each such Person has executed and delivered a Subsidiary Guaranty;

(c) This Agreement has been duly authorized, executed and delivered by the Borrowers and Subsidiary Guarantors party hereto and constitutes a legal, valid and binding obligation of each such party, except as may be limited by general principles of equity or by the effect of any applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium or similar law affecting creditors' rights generally; and

(d) No Default or Event of Default has occurred and is continuing either immediately prior to or immediately after the effectiveness of this Agreement.

5. FATCA Certification. Solely for purposes of determining withholding Taxes imposed under FATCA, from and after the effective date of this Agreement, the Borrower and the Administrative Agent shall treat (and the Lenders hereby authorize the Administrative Agent to treat) the Loan Agreement as not qualifying as a "grandfathered obligation" within the meaning of Treasury Regulation Section 1.1471-2(b)(2)(i).

6. Entire Agreement. This Agreement, together with all the Loan Documents (collectively, the “**Relevant Documents**”), sets forth the entire understanding and agreement of the parties hereto in relation to the subject matter hereof and supersedes any prior negotiations and agreements among the parties relative to such subject matter. No promise, condition, representation or warranty, express or implied, not set forth in the Relevant Documents shall bind any party hereto, and not one of them has relied on any such promise, condition, representation or warranty. Each of the parties hereto acknowledges that, except as otherwise expressly stated in the Relevant Documents, no representations, warranties or commitments, express or implied, have been made by any party to the other in relation to the subject matter hereof or thereof. None of the terms or conditions of this Agreement may be changed, modified, waived or canceled orally or otherwise, except as permitted pursuant to Section 10.01 of the Credit Agreement.

7. Full Force and Effect of Agreement. After giving effect to this Agreement and the amendments and waivers contained herein, the Credit Agreement and all other Loan Documents are hereby confirmed and ratified in all respects by each party hereto and shall be and remain in full force and effect according to their respective terms.

8. Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original as against any party whose signature appears thereon, and all of which shall together constitute one and the same instrument. Delivery of an executed counterpart of a signature page of this Agreement by telecopy or electronic delivery (including by .pdf) shall be effective as delivery of a manually executed counterpart of this Agreement.

9. Governing Law. This Agreement shall in all respects be governed by, and construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York applicable to contracts executed and to be performed entirely within such State, and shall be further subject to the provisions of Section 10.14 of the Credit Agreement.

10. Enforceability. Should any one or more of the provisions of this Agreement be determined to be illegal or unenforceable as to one or more of the parties hereto, all other provisions nevertheless shall remain effective and binding on the parties hereto.

11. References. All references in any of the Loan Documents to the “Credit Agreement” shall mean the Credit Agreement, as amended and modified hereby and as further amended, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time in accordance with the terms of the Credit Agreement.

12. Successors and Assigns. This Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the Borrowers, the Administrative Agent and each of the Subsidiary Guarantors and Lenders, and their respective successors, legal representatives and assignees to the extent such assignees are permitted assignees as provided in Section 10.06 of the Credit Agreement.

*[Signature pages follow.]*

**IN WITNESS WHEREOF**, the parties hereto have caused this instrument to be made, executed and delivered by their duly authorized officers as of the day and year first above written.

**BORROWER AND GUARANTOR:**

**ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE GROUP, INC.**

**By:** /s/ Matt Pettoni

**Name:** Matt Pettoni

**Title:** VP & Treasurer

**SUBSIDIARIES THAT ARE NEW VEHICLE BORROWERS, USED VEHICLE BORROWERS, AND SUBSIDIARY GUARANTORS:**

**ASBURY AR NISS L.L.C.  
ASBURY ATLANTA AC L.L.C.  
ASBURY ATLANTA AU L.L.C.  
ASBURY ATLANTA BM L.L.C.  
ASBURY ATLANTA HON L.L.C.  
ASBURY ATLANTA INF L.L.C.  
ASBURY ATLANTA INFINITI L.L.C.  
ASBURY ATLANTA LEX L.L.C.  
ASBURY ATLANTA NIS L.L.C.  
ASBURY ATLANTA TOY L.L.C.  
ASBURY ATLANTA VB L.L.C.  
ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE BRANDON, L.P.  
ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE ST. LOUIS, L.L.C.  
ASBURY DELAND HUND, LLC  
ASBURY JAX AC, LLC  
ASBURY JAX HON L.L.C.  
ASBURY MS CHEV L.L.C.  
ASBURY SC JPV L.L.C.  
ASBURY SC LEX L.L.C.  
ASBURY SC TOY L.L.C.  
ASBURY ST. LOUIS LEX L.L.C.  
ASBURY ST. LOUIS LR L.L.C.  
ASBURY ST. LOUIS M L.L.C.  
ASBURY-DELAND IMPORTS, L.L.C.  
AVENUES MOTORS, LTD.  
BFP MOTORS L.L.C.**

**By:** /s/ Matt Pettoni

**Name:** Matt Pettoni

**Title:** VP & Treasurer

CFP MOTORS L.L.C.  
CH MOTORS L.L.C.  
CHO PARTNERSHIP, LTD.  
CN MOTORS L.L.C.  
COGGIN CARS L.L.C.  
COGGIN CHEVROLET L.L.C.  
CROWN CHH L.L.C.  
CROWN FDO L.L.C.  
CROWN GAC L.L.C.  
CROWN GBM L.L.C.  
CROWN GDO L.L.C.  
CROWN GH0 L.L.C.  
CROWN GNI L.L.C.  
CROWN GVO L.L.C.  
CROWN MOTORCAR COMPANY L.L.C.  
CROWN PBM L.L.C.  
CROWN RIA L.L.C.  
CROWN RIB L.L.C.  
CROWN SNI L.L.C.  
CSA IMPORTS L.L.C.  
ESCUDE-NN L.L.C.  
ESCUDE-NS L.L.C.  
ESCUDE-T L.L.C.  
HFP MOTORS L.L.C.  
KP MOTORS L.L.C.  
MCDAVID AUSTIN-ACRA, L.L.C.  
MCDAVID FRISCO-HON, L.L.C.  
MCDAVID HOUSTON-NISS, L.L.C.  
MCDAVID IRVING-HON, L.L.C.  
MCDAVID PLANO-ACRA, L.L.C.  
NP MZD L.L.C.  
NP VKW L.L.C.  
PRECISION INFINITI, INC.  
PRECISION MOTORCARS, INC.  
PRECISION NISSAN, INC.  
PREMIER NSN L.L.C.  
PREMIER PON L.L.C.  
PRESTIGE BAY L.L.C.  
PRESTIGE TOY L.L.C.

By: /s/ Matt Pettoni

Name: Matt Pettoni

Title: VP & Treasurer

**Q AUTOMOTIVE BRANDON FL, LLC**  
**Q AUTOMOTIVE JACKSONVILLE FL, LLC**  
**Q AUTOMOTIVE GROUP L.L.C.**  
**TAMPA HUND, L.P.**  
**TAMPA KIA, L.P.**  
**WTY MOTORS, L.P.**

**By:** /s/ Matt Pettoni  
**Name:** Matt Pettoni  
**Title:** VP & Treasurer

**PLANO LINCOLN-MERCURY, INC.**  
**AF MOTORS, L.L.C.**  
**CROWN FFO L.L.C.**  
**ASBURY MS GRAY-DANIELS L.L.C.**  
**NP FLM L.L.C.**

**By:** /s/ Matt Pettoni  
**Name:** Matt Pettoni  
**Title:** VP & Treasurer

**ADDITIONAL USED VEHICLE BORROWERS  
AND SUBSIDIARY GUARANTORS:**

AF MOTORS, L.L.C.  
ASBURY MS GRAY-DANIELS L.L.C.  
CROWN FFO L.L.C.  
NP FLM L.L.C.  
PLANO LINCOLN-MERCURY, INC.

By: /s/ Matt Pettoni  
Name: Matt Pettoni  
Title: VP & Treasurer

**ADDITIONAL SUBSIDIARY GUARANTORS:**

ANL, L.P.  
ARKANSAS AUTOMOTIVE SERVICES, L.L.C.  
ASBURY ATLANTA CHEVROLET L.L.C.  
ASBURY ATLANTA JAGUAR L.L.C.  
ASBURY ATLANTA VL L.L.C.  
ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE ARKANSAS DEALERSHIP HOLDINGS L.L.C.  
ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE ARKANSAS L.L.C.  
ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE ATLANTA II L.L.C.  
ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE ATLANTA L.L.C.  
ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE CENTRAL FLORIDA, L.L.C.  
ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE DELAND, L.L.C.  
ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE FRESNO L.L.C.  
ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE GROUP L.L.C.  
ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE JACKSONVILLE GP L.L.C.  
ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE JACKSONVILLE, L.P.  
ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE MANAGEMENT L.L.C.  
ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE MISSISSIPPI L.L.C.  
ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE NORTH CAROLINA DEALERSHIP HOLDINGS L.L.C.  
ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE NORTH CAROLINA L.L.C.  
ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE NORTH CAROLINA MANAGEMENT L.L.C.

By: /s/ Matt Pettoni  
Name: Matt Pettoni  
Title: VP & Treasurer



ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE NORTH CAROLINA REAL ESTATE HOLDINGS L.L.C.  
ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE OREGON L.L.C.  
ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA L.L.C.  
ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE ST. LOUIS II L.L.C.  
ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE TAMPA GP L.L.C.  
ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE TAMPA, L.P.  
ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE TEXAS L.L.C.  
ASBURY AUTOMOTIVE TEXAS REAL ESTATE HOLDINGS L.L.C.  
ASBURY DELAND IMPORTS 2, L.L.C.  
ASBURY FRESNO IMPORTS L.L.C.  
ASBURY JAX HOLDINGS, L.P.  
ASBURY JAX K L.L.C.  
ASBURY JAX MANAGEMENT L.L.C.  
ASBURY JAX VW L.L.C.  
ASBURY NO CAL NISS L.L.C.  
ASBURY SACRAMENTO IMPORTS L.L.C.  
ASBURY SO CAL DC L.L.C.  
ASBURY SO CAL HON L.L.C.  
ASBURY SO CAL NISS L.L.C.  
ASBURY SOUTH CAROLINA REAL ESTATE HOLDINGS L.L.C.  
ASBURY ST. LOUIS CADILLAC L.L.C.  
ASBURY ST. LOUIS FSKR, L.L.C.  
ASBURY TAMPA MANAGEMENT L.L.C.  
ASBURY TEXAS D FSKR, L.L.C.  
ASBURY TEXAS H FSKR, L.L.C.  
ATLANTA REAL ESTATE HOLDINGS L.L.C.  
BAYWAY FINANCIAL SERVICES, L.P.  
C & O PROPERTIES, LTD.  
CAMCO FINANCE II L.L.C.  
CK CHEVROLET L.L.C.  
CK MOTORS LLC  
COGGIN AUTOMOTIVE CORP.  
COGGIN MANAGEMENT, L.P.  
CP-GMC MOTORS L.L.C.  
CROWN ACURA/NISSAN, LLC  
CROWN CHO L.L.C.  
CROWN CHV L.L.C.

By: /s/ Matt Pettoni

Name: Matt Pettoni

Title: VP & Treasurer

CROWN FFO HOLDINGS L.L.C.  
CROWN GCA L.L.C.  
CROWN GPG L.L.C.  
CROWN HONDA, LLC  
CROWN SJC L.L.C.  
FLORIDA AUTOMOTIVE SERVICES L.L.C.  
JC DEALER SYSTEMS, LLC  
MCDAVID GRANDE, L.L.C.  
MCDAVID HOUSTON-HON, L.L.C.  
MCDAVID OUTFITTERS, L.L.C.  
MID-ATLANTIC AUTOMOTIVE SERVICES, L.L.C.  
MISSISSIPPI AUTOMOTIVE SERVICES, L.L.C.  
MISSOURI AUTOMOTIVE SERVICES, L.L.C.  
PRECISION COMPUTER SERVICES, INC.  
PRECISION ENTERPRISES TAMPA, INC.  
SOUTHERN ATLANTIC AUTOMOTIVE SERVICES, L.L.C.  
TAMPA LM, L.P.  
TAMPA MIT, L.P.  
TEXAS AUTOMOTIVE SERVICES, L.L.C.  
THOMASON AUTO CREDIT NORTHWEST, INC.  
THOMASON DAM L.L.C.  
THOMASON FRD L.L.C.  
THOMASON HUND L.L.C.  
THOMASON PONTIAC-GMC L.L.C.  
WMZ MOTORS, L.P.

By: /s/ Matt Pettoni  
Name: Matt Pettoni  
Title: VP & Treasurer

**ADMINISTRATIVE AGENT:**

**BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.,** as Administrative Agent

**By:** /s/ Linda Lov

**Name:** Linda Lov

**Title:** AVP

**LENDERS:**

**BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.**, as a Lender, Revolving Swing Line Lender, New Vehicle Floorplan Swing Line Lender, Used Vehicle Floorplan Swing Line Lender and an L/C Issuer

**By:** /s/ K. W. Winston, III

**Name:** K. W. Winston, III

**Title:** Senior Vice President

**JPMORGAN CHASE BANK, N.A., as a Lender**

**By:** /s/ Adam Sigman

**Name:** Adam Sigman

**Title:** Vice President

**MERCEDES-BENZ FINANCIAL SERVICES USA LLC, as a Lender**

By: /s/ Michele Nowak

Name: Michele Nowak

Title: Credit Director, National Accounts

**WELLS FARGO BANK, NATIONAL ASSOCIATION,**  
as a Lender

By: /s/ Manuel H. Comas  
Name: Manuel H. Comas  
Title: Senior Vice President

**NISSAN MOTOR ACCEPTANCE CORPORATION, as a Lender**

By: /s/ Josh Taylor

Name: Josh Taylor

Title: Commercial Credit Manager



**BMW FINANCIAL SERVICES, NA, LLC, as a Lender**

By: /s/ Scott Bargar  
Name: Scott Bargar  
Title: Commercial Finance, Credit Manager

**BMW FINANCIAL SERVICES, NA, LLC, as a Lender**

By: /s/ Patrick Sullivan  
Name: Patrick Sullivan  
Title: GM, Commercial Finance

**US BANK NATIONAL ASSOCIATION, as a Lender**

By: /s/ Noor H. Noordin

Name: Noor H. Noordin

Title: Vice President

**BANK OF THE WEST**, as a Lender

By: /s/ Ryan Mauser

Name: Ryan Mauser

Title: Vice President

**DEUTSCHE BANK TRUST COMPANY AMERICAS,**  
as a Lender

By: /s/ Peter Cucchiara  
Name: Peter Cucchiara  
Title: Vice President

By: /s/ Lisa Wong  
Name: Lisa Wong  
Title: Vice President

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Craig T. Monaghan, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Asbury Automotive Group, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and we have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting;
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Craig T. Monaghan

Craig T. Monaghan  
Chief Executive Officer  
October 22, 2014

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
RULE 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

I, Keith R. Style, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Asbury Automotive Group, Inc.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and we have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting;
5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Keith R. Style

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Keith R. Style  
Chief Financial Officer  
October 22, 2014

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Asbury Automotive Group, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2014, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Craig T. Monaghan, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Craig T. Monaghan

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Craig T. Monaghan  
Chief Executive Officer  
October 22, 2014

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO  
18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350,  
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO  
SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Asbury Automotive Group, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended September 30, 2014, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Keith R. Style, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1350, as adopted pursuant to § 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to the best of my knowledge:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

/s/ Keith R. Style

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Keith R. Style  
Chief Financial Officer  
October 22, 2014